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#### Hexaflumuron for PT 18

Hexaflumuron is an existing active substance evaluated in PT 18. Biocidal products containing hexaflumuron are intended for termite control by professionals.

The BPC confirmed that hexaflumuron is a candidate for substitution because it is very persistent, very bioaccumulative and toxic.

The evaluating competent authority of the active substance application is Portugal.

## **IPBC for PT 13**

3-iodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate (IPBC) is an existing active substance evaluated in PT 13.

IPBC is a preservative in metalworking fluids intended to be used only in professional applications to control the growth of fungi. Metalworking fluids are used to cool, lubricate and flush away metal shavings during the manufacturing of metal products.

The evaluating competent authority of the active substance application is Denmark.

### **Propiconazole for PT 7**

Propiconazole is an existing active substance evaluated in PT 7.

Propiconazole is used by both professionals and non-professionals as a film preservative. Propiconazole protects paints or adhesive films against fungal infestation. The biocidal products containing propiconazole are applied by brushing, rolling or spraying. As an adhesive, propiconazole is used in tile alues.

The evaluating competent authority of the active substance application is Finland.

#### DCPP for PTs 1, 2 and 4

5-Chloro-2-(4-chlorophenoxy)-phenol (DCPP) is an existing active substance evaluated in PTs 1, 2 and 4. For PT 1, DCPP is used as a bactericidal active substance for use in liquid soap formulations for hand disinfection. PT 2 products containing DCPP are intended to be used as surface disinfectants and PT 4 DCPP is intended to be used in dishwashing liquids.

The BPC confirmed that DCPP is a candidate for substitution by being a substance for which two of the three PBT criteria are met (the metabolite methyl-DCPP fulfils the T-criterion and the vB-criterion).

The evaluating competent authority of the active substance application is Austria.

#### **Potassium sorbate for PT 8**

Potassium sorbate is an existing active substance evaluated in PT 8. Potassium sorbate is used by professionals as a wood preservative for freshly cut wood. Target organisms are fungi that cause wood staining, mould and storage rot.

The evaluating competent authority of the active substance application is Germany.

## Pythium oligandrum strain M1 for PT 10

Pythium oligandrum M1 is a naturally occurring parasitic fungus and an existing microbial active substance evaluated in PT 10, construction material preservatives. It is a fungicide intended to control moulds on masonry for both curative and preventive treatment.

The evaluating competent authority of the active substance application is the Czech Republic.

## Piperonyl butoxide (PBO) for PT 18

In addition, the BPC discussed the status of piperonyl butoxide (PBO) under the Review Programme. The BPC confirmed the outcome of discussions from the BPC Working Group on Efficacy, namely that PBO is considered as an active substance. The Commission will consider further the implications of this conclusion at the next Biocides CA meeting and liaise with the relevant bodies of the regulatory framework for pesticides. In parallel, the peer review of PBO will be initiated by the evaluating competent authority Greece.