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PIC CIRCULAR LVII (57) – June 2023

ROTTERDAM CONVENTION

SECRETARIAT OF THE ROTTERDAM CONVENTION
ON THE PRIOR INFORMED CONSENT PROCEDURE
FOR CERTAIN HAZARDOUS CHEMICALS AND PESTICIDES
IN INTERNATIONAL TRADE

PIC CIRCULAR LVII (57)

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PIC CIRCULAR LVII (57) – June 2023

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INTRODUCTION

1. THE PURPOSE OF THE PIC CIRCULAR

The Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure (PIC) for Certain Hazardous Chemicals and Pesticides in International Trade entered into force on 24 February 2004.

The purpose of the PIC Circular is to provide all Parties, through their designated national authorities, with the information required in Articles 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 13 and 14 of the Convention. The decision guidance documents on relevant chemicals dispatched to Parties in line with paragraph 3 of Article 7 are sent out in a separate communication.

The PIC Circular is published every six months, in June and December. The present Circular contains information related to and received during the period from **1 November 2022 to 30 April 2023**. Information received after 30 April 2023 will be included in the next PIC Circular.

Designated national authorities are requested to review the information related to their countries and communicate any inconsistencies, errors or omissions to the Secretariat.

2. IMPLEMENTATION OF THE ROTTERDAM CONVENTION

2.1 Designated national authorities

In line with paragraph 3 of Article 4, Parties shall notify the Secretariat on designations of or changes to designated national authorities. A register of designated national authorities is distributed together with the present PIC Circular and is also available on the Rotterdam Convention website.[1]

2.2 Notifications of final regulatory action

Parties that have adopted final regulatory actions shall notify the Secretariat within the timeframes established in paragraphs 1 and 2 of Article 5.

Appendix I of the PIC Circular contains a synopsis of all notifications of final regulatory action received from Parties since the last PIC Circular, in line with paragraphs 3 and 4 of Article 5 of the Convention. It contains summaries of notifications of final regulatory action that have been received by the Secretariat and verified to contain the information required by Annex I to the Convention (Part A), information regarding notifications which do not contain all the information (Part B), as well as those notifications that are still under verification by the Secretariat (Part C).

Appendix V contains a list of all the notifications of final regulatory action for chemicals not listed in Annex III, received during the interim PIC procedure and the current PIC procedure (September 1998 to 30 April 2023).

A database of notifications of final regulatory action submitted by Parties, including those for the chemicals listed in Annex III to the Convention, verified as containing the information required by Annex I to the Convention is also available on the Convention website.[2]

A synopsis of all notifications received under the original PIC procedure, which is before the adoption of the Convention in 1998, was published in **PIC Circular X** in December 1999.[3] These notifications however do not meet the requirements of Annex I because the information requirements for notifications under the original PIC procedure were different. Although Parties are not obliged to resubmit

[1] www.pic.int/tabid/3282/Default.aspx
[2] www.pic.int/tabid/1368/language/en-US/Default.aspx
[3] www.pic.int/tabid/1168/language/en-US/Default.aspx

notifications submitted under the original PIC procedure,[4] they may wish to consider doing so for those chemicals not presently listed in Annex III if sufficient supporting information is available.

To facilitate the submission of notifications, a **form for notification of final regulatory action to ban or severely restrict a chemical** and **instructions on how to complete it** are available on the Convention website.[5]

2.3 Proposals for the listing of severely hazardous pesticide formulations

In line with paragraph 1 of Article 6, any Party that is a developing country or a country with an economy in transition and that is experiencing problems caused by a severely hazardous pesticide formulation under conditions of use in its territory, may propose to the Secretariat the listing of the severely hazardous pesticide formulation in Annex III.

Appendix II of the PIC Circular contains summaries of such proposals, which the Secretariat has verified contain the information required by part 1 of Annex IV to the Convention.

To facilitate the submission of proposals, an **incident report form for human health incidents involving severely hazardous pesticide formulations** and an **incident report form for environmental incidents involving severely hazardous pesticide formulations** are available on the Convention website.[6]

2.4 Chemicals subject to the PIC procedure

Appendix III of the PIC Circular lists all the chemicals that are currently listed in Annex III to the Convention and subject to the PIC procedure, their categories (pesticide, industrial and severely hazardous pesticide formulation) and the date of first communication of the corresponding decision guidance document.

The eleventh meeting of the Conference of the Parties (COP-11) to the Rotterdam Convention held from 1 to 12 May 2023 in Geneva, Switzerland, decided to amend Annex III to list one new chemical, making it subject to the prior Informed Consent Procedure and approving the related Decision Guidance Document:

Chemical	Relevant CAS number(s)	Category	Decision No.
Terbufos	13071-79-9	Pesticide	RC-11/3

The amendment shall enter into force for all Parties on 22 October 2023.

At its eleventh meeting, the Conference of the Parties deferred to its twelfth meeting consideration of whether to include acetochlor, carbosulfan, chrysotile asbestos, fenthion (ultra-low volume (ULV) formulations at or above 640 g active ingredient/L), iprodione and liquid formulations (emulsifiable concentrate and soluble concentrate) containing paraquat dichloride at or above 276 g/L, corresponding to paraquat ion at or above 200 g/L.

The amendments to list decabromodiphenyl ether and perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA), its salts and PFOA-related compounds in Annex III entered into force for all Parties on 22 October 2022. Parties were invited to provide import responses by 21 July 2023, in accordance with paragraph 2 of Article 10 of the Convention. After this date the Parties that will not have submitted import responses for those two chemicals will be listed under the failure list category, through the publication in the following edition of the PIC Circular LVIII in December 2023.

[4] **FAO & UNEP/SRC**. 2019. *Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure for Certain Hazardous Chemicals and Pesticides in International Trade*. Article 5, paragraph 2. Rome and Geneva.
[5] www.pic.int/tabid/1182/language/en-US/Default.aspx
[6] www.pic.int/tabid/1192/language/en-US/Default.aspx

2.5 Information exchange on exports and export notifications

Article 12 and Annex V to the Convention set out the provisions and information requirements related to export notifications. When a chemical that is banned or severely restricted by a Party is exported from its territory, that Party shall provide an export notification to the importing Party, which shall include the information in Annex V. The importing Party has the obligation to acknowledge receipt of the first export notification received after the adoption of the final regulatory action.

To assist Parties in meeting their obligations under the Convention, a **standard form for export notification** and **instructions on how to complete it** are available on the Convention website.[7]

The Conference of the Parties, at its eleventh meeting, in its decision RC-11/1, encouraged Parties to provide information on their implementation of Articles 11, 12, 13 and 14 of the Convention by submitting responses to the periodic questionnaire on the implementation of those articles. The same decision requested the Secretariat, subject to the availability of resources, to continue implementing the provisions of decisions RC-7/2 on Proposals on ways of exchanging information on exports and export notifications and RC-9/1 on Status of implementation of the Convention.

2.6 Information to accompany exported chemicals

In response to paragraph 1 of Article 13, the World Customs Organization has assigned specific Harmonized System customs codes to the individual chemicals or groups of chemicals listed in Annex III to the Convention. These codes entered into force on 1 January 2007. For the chemicals listed in Annex III after 2011, Harmonized System codes will be assigned by the World Customs Organization. A table containing this information is available on the Convention website.[8]

If a Harmonized System customs code has been assigned to a chemical listed in Annex III, Parties shall require that the shipping document carries this assigned code when the chemical is exported.

2.7 Information on responses concerning import of chemicals listed in Annex III to the Convention

In accordance with paragraphs 2 and 4 of Article 10, each Party shall transmit to the Secretariat, as soon as possible, and in any event no later than nine months after the date of dispatch of the decision guidance document, a response concerning the future import of the chemical concerned. If a Party modifies this response, the Party shall forthwith submit the revised response to the Secretariat. The response shall consist of either a final decision or an interim response.

Paragraph 7 of Article 10 provides that, each Party shall, no later than the date of entry into force of the Convention for that Party, transmit to the Secretariat import responses with respect to each chemical listed in Annex III to the Convention.

Appendix IV includes an overview of import responses received since the last PIC Circular. All import responses received, including a description of the legislative or administrative measures on which the decisions have been based, are available on the Convention website.[9] Information on any cases of failure to transmit a response is also available.

As at 30 April 2023, the following Parties have submitted import responses for 52 of the chemicals listed in Annex III to the Convention: Australia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Cabo Verde, Cambodia, Canada, China, Colombia, Costa Rica, Eritrea, European Union (on behalf of its 27 Member States), Guyana, Japan, Malaysia, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Qatar, Russian Federation, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Serbia, Singapore, Switzerland, Togo, Tunisia, United Arab Emirates, and United Kingdom of

[7] www.pic.int/tabid/1365/language/en-US/Default.aspx
[8] www.pic.int/tabid/1159/language/en-US/Default.aspx
[9] www.pic.int/tabid/1370/language/en-US/Default.aspx

Great Britain and Northern Ireland. One hundred and eleven Parties have not yet provided import responses for one or more of the chemicals listed in Annex III to the Convention. Of these, the following eight Parties have failed to provide any import responses: Afghanistan, Djibouti, Grenada, Marshall Islands, Namibia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Sierra Leone and Somalia. As mentioned above, import responses for decabromodiphenyl ether and perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA), its salts and PFOA-related compounds are to be transmitted by 21 July 2023. Import responses for the latest amendment related to terbufos will be due no later than nine months after the date of dispatch of the decision guidance document for this chemical.

To facilitate the submission of responses regarding import, a **form for import response** and **instructions on how to complete it** are available on the Convention website.[10]

Import responses must be submitted through the official channel of communication for the Party. The date of issue and signature of the DNA is to be provided for each individual form.[11]

2.8 Information on chemicals for which the Conference of the Parties has yet to take a final decision

The Conference of the Parties, in its decisions RC-3/3, RC-4/4, RC-6/8, RC-8/6, RC-8/7 and RC-9/5 encouraged Parties to make use of all information available on the following chemicals, to assist others, in particular developing countries and countries with economies in transition, to make informed decisions regarding their import and management and to inform other Parties of those decisions using the information exchange provisions in Article 14: acetochlor; carbosulfan; chrysotile asbestos; fenthion (ultra-low volume (ULV) formulations at or above 640 g active ingredient/L); and liquid formulations (emulsifiable concentrate and soluble concentrate) containing paraquat dichloride at or above 276 g/L, corresponding to paraquat ion at or above 200 g/L.

In line with these decisions and paragraph 1 of Article 14, **Appendix VI** of the PIC Circular contains information on chemicals recommended by the Chemical Review Committee for listing in Annex III but for which the Conference of the Parties has yet to take a final decision.

2.9 Information on transit movements

As outlined in paragraph 5 of Article 14, any Party requiring information on transit movements through its territory of chemicals listed in Annex III may report its need to the Secretariat, which shall inform all Parties accordingly.

Since the last PIC Circular, no Party has reported to the Secretariat its need for information on transit movements through its territory of Annex III chemicals.

3. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

3.1 Information on the status of ratification of the Rotterdam Convention

As at 30 April 2023 there were 165 Parties to the Rotterdam Convention.[12] Information on new Parties after 30 April 2023 will be reported in the next PIC Circular.

3.2 Documents relevant to the implementation of the Rotterdam Convention

The following documents relevant to the implementation of the Convention are available on the Convention website:[13]

[10] www.pic.int/tabid/1165/language/en-US/Default.aspx
[11] www.pic.int/tabid/1165/language/en-US/Default.aspx
[12] www.pic.int/tabid/1072/language/en-US/Default.aspx
[13] www.pic.int

- Text of the Convention – Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure for Certain Hazardous Chemicals and Pesticides in International Trade *(Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian, Spanish)*;[14]
- Decision guidance documents for each of the chemicals listed in Annex III to the Convention *(English, French, Spanish)*;[15]
- Form and instructions for notification of final regulatory action to ban or severely restrict a chemical *(English, French, Spanish)*;[5]
- Form and instructions for import responses *(English, French, Spanish)*;[11]
- Form and instructions for reporting human health incidents and environmental incidents relating to severely hazardous pesticide formulations *(English, French, Spanish)*;[6]
- Export notification form and instructions *(English, French, Spanish)*;[7]
- Form for notification of designation of contacts *(English, French, Spanish)*;[16]
- All PIC Circulars *(English, French, Spanish)*;[3]
- Database of designated national authorities and official contact points for the Rotterdam Convention *(English)*.[1]

3.3 Resource Kit of information on the Rotterdam Convention

The Resource Kit[17] is a collection of publications containing information on the Rotterdam Convention. It has been developed with a range of end-users in mind, including the public, designated national authorities and stakeholders involved in the implementation of the Convention. It includes elements to assist in awareness-raising activities and detailed technical information and training materials aimed at facilitating implementation of the Convention.

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[14] www.pic.int/tabid/1048/language/en-US/Default.aspx
[15] www.pic.int/tabid/2413/language/en-US/Default.aspx
[16] www.pic.int/tabid/3285/language/en-US/Default.aspx
[17] www.pic.int/tabid/1064/language/en-US/Default.aspx

APPENDIX I

SYNOPSIS OF NOTIFICATIONS OF FINAL REGULATORY ACTION RECEIVED SINCE THE LAST PIC CIRCULAR

This appendix consists of three parts:

Part A: Summary of notifications of final regulatory action that have been verified as containing all the information required by Annex I to the Convention

Notifications of final regulatory action that have been verified as containing all the information required in Annex I to the Convention, received between 1 November 2022 to 30 April 2023.

Part B: Notifications of final regulatory action that have been verified as <u>not</u> containing all the information required by Annex I to the Convention

Notifications of final regulatory action that have been verified as not containing all the information required by Annex I to the Convention, received between 1 November 2022 to 30 April 2023.

Part C: Notifications of final regulatory action still under verification

Notifications of final regulatory action that have been received by the Secretariat for which the verification process has not yet been completed.

The information is also available on the Convention website.[18]

[18] www.pic.int/tabid/1368/language/en-US/Default.aspx

Synopsis of notifications of final regulatory action received since the last PIC Circular

PART A

SUMMARY OF NOTIFICATIONS OF FINAL REGULATORY ACTION THAT HAVE BEEN VERIFIED AS CONTAINING ALL THE INFORMATION REQUIRED BY ANNEX I TO THE CONVENTION

EUROPEAN UNION

Common Name(s): Benalaxyl ***CAS number(s):*** 71626-11-4

Chemical Name: Methyl *N*-(phenylacetyl)-*N*-(2,6-xylyl)-*DL*-alaninate

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: Yes

Summary of the final regulatory action: It is prohibited to place on the market or use plant protection products containing benalaxyl because benalaxyl is not approved as an active substance in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009.

EU Member States had to withdraw authorisations for plant protection products containing benalaxyl as active substance by 5 April 2021. Disposal, storage, placing on the market and use of existing stocks of plant protection products containing benalaxyl is prohibited as of 5 October 2021.

The reasons for the final regulatory action were relevant to: Human health and environment.

Summary of known hazards and risks to human health:

In conclusion from the assessments made on the basis of the submitted information, no plant protection product containing the active substance benalaxyl is expected to satisfy in general requirements laid down in Article 29(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 and the uniform principles laid down in Regulation (EU) 546/2011.

According to the evaluation related to human health the following concerns were identified:

- the potential groundwater contamination by relevant metabolites.

The information available is insufficient to satisfy the requirements set out in Article 4(1) to (3) of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009, in particular with regard to the possibility:

- to conclude whether benalaxyl has endocrine disrupting properties according to the scientific criteria for the determination of endocrine disrupting properties as set out in points 3.6.5 and 3.8.2 of Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605;
- to conclude on the consumer dietary risk assessment since, the risk assessment residue definition for fruit crops could not be finalised, the residue definitions for root crops and rotational crops remained open and the livestock exposure assessment could not be conducted;
- to finalise the consumer risk assessment through drinking water with regard to groundwater metabolites M2 (3-((1-carboxyethyl)(2,6-dimethylphenyl)amino)-3-oxopropanoic acid), F4-acetyl (methyl *N*-acetyl-*N*-(2,6-dimethylphenyl)alaninate), F7 and F8 (2-(2-carboxy-*N*-(1-methoxy-1-oxopropan-2-yl)acetamido)-3-methylbenzoic acid) and the nature of the residues that might be present in drinking water, consequent to water treatment following abstraction of surface water, is unknown;
- finalise the residue definition for human biomonitoring (i.e., body fluids and tissue).

Expected effect of the final regulatory action in relation to human health: Reduction of risk for human health from the use of plant protection products containing benalaxyl.

Summary of known hazards and risks to the environment:

In conclusion from the assessments made on the basis of the submitted information, no plant protection product containing the active substance benalaxyl is expected to satisfy in general the requirements laid down in Article 29(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 and the uniform principles laid down in Regulation (EU) 546/2011.

According to the evaluation related to the environment, the following concerns were identified:

- the long-term risk to birds and earthworm-eating birds from secondary poisoning;
- the long-term risk to in-field and off-field non-target arthropods for all representative uses.

The information available is insufficient to satisfy the requirements set out in Article 4(1) to (3) of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009, in particular with regard to the possibility:

- to finalise the risk from secondary poisoning of fish-eating birds and mammals because no valid BCF estimate was available. Consequently, also the B assessment of the PBT criteria, for which a valid BCF estimate is needed, could not be carried out.

Expected effect of the final regulatory action in relation to the environment: Reduction of risk for the environment from the use of plant protection products containing benalaxyl.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 05/10/2020

Complete entry into force of all provisions of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2020/1280 of 14 September 2020 concerning the non-renewal of the approval of the active substance benalaxyl, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market and amending the Annex to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011 was on 5 October 2020.

EUROPEAN UNION

Common Name(s): Chlorpyrifos-methyl ***CAS number(s):*** 5598-13-0

Chemical Name: *O*,*O*-Dimethyl *O*-3,5,6-trichloro-2-pyridyl phosphorothioate

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: Yes

Summary of the final regulatory action: It is prohibited to place on the market or use plant protection products containing chlorpyrifos-methyl because chlorpyrifos-methyl is not approved as an active substance under Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market.

EU Member States had to withdraw authorisations for plant protection products containing chlorpyrifos-methyl as an active substance by 16 February 2020. Disposal, storage, placing on the market and use of existing stocks of plant protection products containing chlorpyrifos-methyl is prohibited as of 16 April 2020.

The reasons for the final regulatory action were relevant to: Human health.

Summary of known hazards and risks to human health:

In conclusion, from the assessments made on the basis of the available information, no plant protection product containing the active substance chlorpyrifos-methyl is expected to satisfy the requirements laid down in Article 29(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 and the uniform principles laid down in Regulation (EU) No 546/2011.

Consequently, it has not been established, with respect to one or more representative uses of at least one plant protection product that the approval criteria provided for in Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 are satisfied. Concerns were identified with regards to:

- The genotoxic potential of chlorpyrifos-methyl, which cannot be ruled out when taking into account the concerns raised for chlorpyrifos concerning chromosome aberration and DNA damage that may also apply to chlorpyrifos-methyl. In addition, the available scientific open literature on chlorpyrifos-methyl, although presenting some limitations, should be considered in a weight of evidence approach and raises some concerns about the potential for chlorpyrifos-methyl to damage DNA. Consequently, health-based reference values cannot be established for chlorpyrifos-methyl and the dietary and non-dietary risk assessments cannot be conducted. This outcome was confirmed during the second expert meeting held in September 2019.
- Developmental neurotoxicity (DNT) -the available DNT study on chlorpyrifos-methyl did not allow for a full assessment of effects on brain development, in particular since effects on cerebellum height could not be evaluated due to the lack of controls in females and a no observed adverse effects level 'NOAEL' for DNT could not be established. Since DNT effects were observed in the available developmental neurotoxicity on chlorpyrifos (adverse effects were seen at the lowest dose tested in rats and a NOAEL could not be established) concerns exist also for chlorpyrifos-methyl. Moreover, epidemiological evidence exists showing an association between exposure to chlorpyrifos and/or chlorpyrifos-methyl

during development and adverse neurodevelopmental outcomes in children.

- Based on the evidence for DNT, experts during the peer review suggested that classification of chlorpyrifos-methyl as toxic for the reproduction category 1B, H360D 'May damage the unborn child', in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Regulation (EC) No 1272/200816 may be appropriate.

Expected effect of the final regulatory action in relation to human health: Reduction of risk for human health from the use of plant protection products containing chlorpyrifos-methyl.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 16/01/2020

Complete entry into force of all provisions of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2020/17 of 10 January 2020 concerning the non-renewal of the approval of the active substance chlorpyrifos-methyl, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market and amending the Annex to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011 was on 16 January 2020.

EUROPEAN UNION

Common Name(s): Fenamiphos ***CAS number(s):*** 22224-92-6

Chemical Name: (*RS*)-Ethyl-4-methylthio-*m*-tolyl isopropylphosphoramidate

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: Yes

Summary of the final regulatory action: It is prohibited to place on the market or use plant protection products containing fenamiphos because fenamiphos is not approved as an active substance under Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market.

EU Member States had to withdraw authorisations for plant protection products containing fenamiphos as an active substance by 23 March 2021. Disposal, storage, placing on the market and use of existing stocks of plant protection products containing fenamiphos is prohibited as of 23 September 2021.

The reasons for the final regulatory action were relevant to: Human health.

Summary of known hazards and risks to human health:

It has not been established with respect to one or more representative uses of at least one plant protection product that the approval criteria provided for in Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 are satisfied. It is therefore appropriate not to renew the approval of the active substance fenamiphos in accordance with Article 20(1)(b) of that Regulation. According to the evaluation related to human health, the following concerns were identified:

- The risk to consumers. The overall consumer risk assessment is provisional since the data package for the metabolites fenamiphos sulfoxide (M01) and fenamiphos sulfone (M02) on genotoxicity was incomplete and the expression of the risk assessment residue definition for primary crops is provisional. Moreover, the risk assessment residue definition in rotational crops is provisional. However, even if the consumer risk assessment could not be finalised, an acute consumer risk was identified for all fruiting vegetables representative uses while for the ornamentals and nursery stock, which may have grown in rotation with food crops, an acute consumer risk cannot be excluded. Furthermore, for the chronic intake consumer exposure, if the calculated Maximum Residue Levels (MRLs) resulting from the available residue dataset submitted for the renewal process are used in the exposure assessment, the maximum TMDI would account for 172 percent of the ADI.

The information available is insufficient to satisfy the requirements set out in Article 4(1) to (3) of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009, in particular with regard to:

- the risk assessment to unique human metabolites could not be finalised whilst an in vitro comparative metabolism study was not submitted;
- the potential for groundwater contamination and the consumer risk assessment through exposure to metabolites from drinking water. While monitoring data from three vulnerable regions in Greece indicate that the potential for groundwater exposure above the parametric drinking water limit of 0.1 µg/L was concluded to be low for fenamiphos and metabolites M01, M02, fenamiphos-sulfoxide-phenol (M12), fenamiphos-sulfone-phenol (M13) and fenamiphos-sulfone-anisole (M14) in the geoclimatic

conditions that are represented in Greece, modelling data indicates that there is potential for exceedance of the limit of 0.1 µg/L by M14 (well above 10 µg/L in all scenarios, even at the lower rate of application). An assessment of the consumer intake could not be carried out for this metabolite since an ADI could not be established based on the data submitted.

Expected effect of the final regulatory action in relation to human health: Reduction of risk for human health from the use of plant protection products containing fenamiphos.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 23/09/2020

Complete entry into force of all provisions of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2020/1246 of 2 September 2020 concerning the non-renewal of the approval of the active substance fenamiphos, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market, and amending the Annex to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011 was on 23 September 2020.

MALAYSIA

Common Name(s): Chlorpyrifos ***CAS number(s):*** 2921-88-2

Chemical Name: *O,O*-Diethyl *O*-(3,5,6-trichloro-2-pyridinyl) phosphorothioate

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is severely restricted.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All types of chlorpyrifos formulations for use in the agricultural sector are no longer allowed.

Use or uses that remain allowed: Chlorpyrifos are still permitted for use in public health to control urban pests, such as cockroaches, termites, mosquitoes, ants, flies, and bugs.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: Yes

Summary of the final regulatory action: The Pesticides Board of Malaysia issued a Circular Letter dated April 28, 2021, informing the industry of the Board's decision to cancel the registration of all products containing chlorpyrifos for agricultural use effective from May 1, 2023.

This means that effective from May 1, 2023, chlorpyrifos will no longer be authorized as a plant protection product in agriculture. However, the registration of chlorpyrifos products for use in public health and urban pest control will continue.

Effective from the date of the Circular Letter, the Pesticides Board stopped accepting new applications and re-registrations of pesticide products containing chlorpyrifos for the agricultural sector. All new applications that were pending approval or in the process of evaluation were automatically cancelled.

The reasons for the final regulatory action were relevant to: Human health.

Summary of known hazards and risks to human health: The Department of Agriculture of Malaysia has revealed that food crops, including those intended for export, have consistently exceeded the national maximum limits for chlorpyrifos residues. This presents a potential risk to both workers and consumers who may be exposed to the pesticide.

Agricultural workers in Malaysia who have been exposed to chlorpyrifos have reported symptoms such as headaches, dizziness, and skin irritation. A study conducted in Sabak Bernam, Malaysia found that 7 percent of paddy farmers had chlorpyrifos in their blood, with a mean concentration of 7.29 nanograms per milliliter blood. Furthermore, 75 percent of the farmers in the study reported experiencing at least one pesticide exposure symptom.

In addition to its impact on human health, chlorpyrifos has been shown to cause neurotoxic symptoms in animals, including hypoactivity, lacrimation, salivation, foot splay, ataxia, and tremors. The lethal dose (LD50) for mammals (oral) ranges from 80 to 250 mg/kg/d, while the dermal LD50 for male rats is 202 mg/kg. The inhalational lethal dose is calculated to be 78 and 94 mg/kg for female mice and rats, respectively. However, rats have shown tolerance to prolonged and significant acetylcholinesterase (AChE) inhibition after subcutaneous injection.

In terms of genotoxicity, chlorpyrifos has been shown to induce micronuclei in erythroblasts and cause cytogenetic effects in human lymphoid cells. It has also produced significant increases in sister chromatid exchanges (SCEs), X chromosome loss, and sex-linked recessive lethality in Drosophila melanogaster.

Expected effect of the final regulatory action in relation to human health: Significant health risk reduction for farmers and consumers; being a high-volume pesticide, there will be significant reduction of chlorpyrifos exposure in consequence to this decision.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 01/05/2023

THAILAND

Common Name(s): Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA), its salts and PFOA-related compounds

CAS number(s): 2395-00-8, 3108-24-5, 335-66-0, 335-67-1, 335-93-3, 335-95-5, 376-27-2, 3825-26-1

Chemical Name: Pentadecafluoro octanoic acid and its salts and esters

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Industrial

Final regulatory action: The chemical is severely restricted.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses except for some specific uses that are allowed under the Stockholm Convention.

Use or uses that remain allowed:

- Photolithography or etch processes in semiconductor manufacturing.
- Photographic coatings applied to films.
- Textiles for oil and water repellency for the protection of workers from dangerous liquids that comprise risks to their health and safety.
- Fire-fighting foam for liquid fuel vapour suppression and liquid fuel fires (Class B fires) in installed systems, including both mobile and fixed systems.
- Manufacture of polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) and polyvinylidene fluoride (PVDF) for the production of:
    - High-performance, corrosion-resistant gas filter membranes, water filter membranes and membranes for medical textiles.
    - Industrial waste heat exchanger equipment.
    - Industrial sealants capable of preventing leakage of volatile organic compounds and PM2.5 particulates.
- Manufacture of polyfluoroethylene propylene (FEP) for the production of high-voltage electrical wire and cables for power transmission.
- Manufacture of fluoroelastomers for the production of O-rings, v-belts and plastic accessories for car interiors.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: Yes

Summary of the final regulatory action: Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA), its salts and PFOA-related compounds (8 substances with CAS numbers: 335-67-1; 3825-26-1; 335-95-5; 2395-00-8; 335-93-3; 335-66-0; 376-27-2 and 3108-2 4 -5) were classified as Category 4 Hazardous Substances, of which the production, import, export, transit or having in possession are prohibited, except for some specific uses that are allowed under the Stockholm Convention. Such allowable uses were classified as Category 3 Hazardous Substances, of which the production, import, export, transit or having in possession require registration and licensing from the Department of Industrial Works.

The reasons for the final regulatory action were relevant to: Human health and environment.

Summary of known hazards and risks to human health: Relevant information from the Risk Profile document (UNEP/POPS/POPRC.12/11/Add.2), prepared by the POPRC under the Stockholm Convention was used during the national regulation process.

Expected effect of the final regulatory action in relation to human health: Protecting human health and complying with the obligations under the Stockholm Convention.

Summary of known hazards and risks to the environment: Relevant information from the Risk Profile document (UNEP/POPS/POPRC.12/11/Add.2), prepared by the POPRC under the Stockholm Convention was used during the national regulation process.

Expected effect of the final regulatory action in relation to the environment: Protecting the environment and complying with the obligations under the Stockholm Convention.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 22/12/2022

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): 1,3-Dichloropropene ***CAS number(s):*** 542-75-6

Chemical Name: (*EZ*)-1,3-Dichloropropene

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, TürkiyeTürkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: 1,3-Dichloropropene is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of 1,3-dichloropropene were banned in 2009 and its use was banned in 2011.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license.

Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 01/01/2009

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Azinphos-methyl ***CAS number(s):*** 86-50-0

Chemical Name: *S*-(3,4-Dihydro-4-oxobenzo[*d*]-[1,2,3]-triazin-3-ylmethyl)-*O*,*O*-dimethyl phosphorodithioate

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Azinphos-methyl is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of azinphos-methyl were banned in 2009 and its use was banned in 2011.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license. Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 31/08/2009

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Dichlofluanid ***CAS number(s):*** 1085-98-9

Chemical Name: *N*-(Dichlorofluoromethylthio)-*N'*,*N'*-dimethyl-*N* phenylsulfam

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Dichlofluanid is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of dichlofluanid were banned in 2008 and its use was banned in 2010.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the

existing license. Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 31/12/2008

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Dicofol ***CAS number(s):*** 115-32-2

Chemical Name: 2,2,2-Trichloro-1,1-bis(4-chlorophenyl)ethanol

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Dicofol is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of dicofol were banned in 2010 and its use was banned in 2011.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license. Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 30/06/2010

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Endosulfan ***CAS number(s):*** 115-29-7

Chemical Name: 6,9-Methano-2,4,3-benzodioxathiepin, 6,7,8,9,10,10-hexachloro-1,5,5a,6,9,9a-hexahydro-, 3-oxide

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Endosulfan is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of endosulfan were banned in 2009 and its use was banned in 2011.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license.

Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 01/01/2009

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Halfenprox ***CAS number(s):*** 111872-58-3

Chemical Name: 1-[Bromo(difluoro)methoxy]-4-[2-methyl-1-[(3 phenoxyphenyl)methoxy]propan-2-yl]benzene

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Halfenprox is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of halfenprox were banned in 2009 and its use was banned in 2011.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license.

Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 01/01/2009

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Paraquat ***CAS number(s):*** 4685-14-7

Chemical Name: 4,4'-Bipyridinium, 1,1'-dimethyl-

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Paraquat is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of paraquat were banned in 2013 and its use was banned in 2014.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license.

Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 01/01/2013

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Phenthoate ***CAS number(s):*** 2597-03-7

Chemical Name: Ethyl 2-dimethoxyphosphinothioylsulfanyl-2-phenylacetate

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Phenthoate is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of phenthoate were banned in 2009 and its use was banned in 2011.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license.

Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 01/01/2009

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Phorate ***CAS number(s):*** 298-02-2

Chemical Name: Phosphorodithioic acid, *O*,*O*-diethyl *S*-[(ethylthio)methyl] ester

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Phorate is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of phorate were banned in 2009 and its use was banned in 2011.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license.

Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 31/08/2009

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Phosphoric acid ***CAS number(s):*** 7664-38-2

Chemical Name: Phosphoric acid

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Phosphoric acid is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of phosphoric acid were banned in 2013 and its use was banned in 2014.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license.

Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 01/01/2013

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Primisulfuron-methyl ***CAS number(s):*** 86209-51-0

Chemical Name: Methyl 2-[[4,6-bis(difluoromethoxy)pyrimidin-2- yl]carbamoylsulfamoyl]benzoate

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Primisulfuron-methyl is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of primisulfuron-methyl were banned in 2010 and its use was banned in 2011.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license. Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 30/06/2010

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Profenofos ***CAS number(s):*** 41198-08-7

Chemical Name: *O*-(4-Bromo-2-chlorophenyl) *O*-ethyl *S*-propyl phosphorothioate

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Profenofos is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of profenofos were banned in 2009 and its use was banned in 2011.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license.

Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 31/12/2009

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Prometryn ***CAS number(s):*** 7287-19-6

Chemical Name: 6-Methylsulfanyl-2-*N*,4-*N*-di(propan-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Prometryn is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of prometryn were banned in 2013 and its use was banned in 2014.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license.

Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 01/01/2013

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Propoxur ***CAS number(s):*** 114-26-1

Chemical Name: Phenol, 2-(1-methylethoxy)-, methylcarbamate

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals

for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Propoxur is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of propoxur were banned in 2009 and its use was banned in 2011.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license. Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 01/01/2009

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Prothiofos ***CAS number(s):*** 34643-46-4

Chemical Name: *O*-(2,4-Dichlorophenyl) *O*-ethyl S-propyl phosphorodithioate

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Prothiofos is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of prothiofos were banned in 2009 and its use was banned in 2011.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license. Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 01/01/2009

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Prothoate ***CAS number(s):*** 2275-18-5

Chemical Name: Phosphorodithioic acid, *O*,*O*-diethyl *S*-[2-[(1-methylethyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl] ester

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Prothoate is not registered as plant protection product in the country, By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of prothoate were banned in 2009 and its use was banned in 2011.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country,

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license. Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 01/01/2009

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Pyridaphenthion ***CAS number(s):*** 119-12-0

Chemical Name: 6-Diethoxyphosphinothioyloxy-2-phenylpyridazin-3-one

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Pyridaphenthion is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of pyridaphenthion were banned in 2009 and its use was banned in 2011.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license. Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 01/01/2009

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Pyrimidifen ***CAS number(s):*** 105779-78-0

Chemical Name: 5-Chloro-*N*-[2-4-(2-ethoxyethyl)-2,3- dimethylphenoxylethyl]-6-ethylpyrimidin-4-amine

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Pyrimidifen is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of pyrimidifen were banned in 2010 and its use was banned in 2011.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license. Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 30/06/2010

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Pyrithiobac-sodium ***CAS number(s):*** 123343-16-8

Chemical Name: Sodium 2-chloro-6-[(4,6-dimethoxypyrimidin-2- yl)sulfanyl]benzoate

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Pyrithiobac-sodium is not registered as plant protection product in the country, By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of pyrithiobac-sodium were banned in 2011 and its use was banned in 2013.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license. Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 04/04/2011

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Quinalphos ***CAS number(s):*** 13593-03-8

Chemical Name: *O*,*O*-Diethyl *O*-2-quinoxalinyl phosphorothioate

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Quinalphos is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of quinalphos were banned in 2010 and its use was banned in 2011.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license.

Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 30/06/2010

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Resmethrin ***CAS number(s):*** 10453-86-8

Chemical Name: (5-Benzylfuran-3-yl)methyl 2,2-dimethy1-3-(2-methylprop-1-enyl)cyclopropane-1-carboxylate

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Resmethrin is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of resmethrin were banned in 2009 and its use was banned in 2011.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license.

Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 01/01/2009

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Sodium cyanide ***CAS number(s):*** 143-33-9

Chemical Name: Sodium cyanide (Na(CN))

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Sodium cyanide is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of sodium cyanide were banned in 2009 and its use was banned in 2011.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license. Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 01/01/2009

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): TCMTB (Thiocyanic acid, (2-benzothiazolylthio)methyl ester) ***CAS number(s):*** 21564-17-0

Chemical Name: Thiocyanic acid, (2-benzothiazolylthio)methyl ester

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: TCMTB is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of TCMTB were banned in 2008 and its use was banned in 2010.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license.

Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 31/12/2008

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Tebuthiuron ***CAS number(s):*** 34014-18-1

Chemical Name: Urea, *N*-[5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl]-*N*,*N'*-dimethyl-

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Tebuthiuron is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of tebuthiuron were banned in 2009 and its use was banned in 2011.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license. Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 31/08/2009

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Terbutryn ***CAS number(s):*** 886-50-0

Chemical Name: 2-*N*-*tert*-Butyl-4-*N*-ethyl-6-methylsulfanyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Terbutryn is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of terbutryn were banned in 2009 and its use was banned in 2011.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license.

Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 31/08/2009

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Tetradifon ***CAS number(s):*** 116-29-0

Chemical Name: Benzene, 1,2,4-trichloro-5-[(4-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl]-

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Tetradifon is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of tetradifon were banned in 2010 and its use was banned in 2011.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license.

Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 30/06/2010

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Thiazafluron ***CAS number(s):*** 25366-23-8

Chemical Name: 1,3-Dimethy1-1-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2- yl]urea

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Thiazafluron is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of thiazafluron were banned in 2009 and its use was banned in 2011.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license. Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 01/01/2009

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Thiometon ***CAS number(s):*** 640-15-3

Chemical Name: 2-Ethylsulfanylethylsulfanyl-dimethoxy-sulfanylidene-λ^5- phosphane

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Thiometon is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of thiometon were banned in 2009 and its use was banned in 2011.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license.

Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 01/01/2009

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Tolfenpyrad ***CAS number(s):*** 129558-76-5

Chemical Name: 4-Chloro-5-ethyl-2-methyl-*N*-[[4-(4-methylphenoxy)phenyl]methyl]pyrazole-3-carboxamide

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Tolfenpyrad is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of tolfenpyrad were banned in 2012 and its use was banned in 2013.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license.

Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 31/08/2012

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Tralomethrin ***CAS number(s):*** 66841-25-6

Chemical Name: [(*S*)-Cyano-(3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl] (1*R*,3*S*)-2,2-dimethyl-3-(1,2,2,2-tetrabromoethyl)cyclopropane-1-carboxylate

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Tralomethrin is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of tralomethrin were banned in 2009 and its use was banned in 2011.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license.

Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 01/01/2009

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Triadimefon ***CAS number(s):*** 43121-43-3

Chemical Name: 1-(4-Chlorophenoxy)-3,3-dimethyl-1-(1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)butan-2-one

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Triadimefon is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of triadimefon were banned in 2010 and its use was banned in 2011.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license.

Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 30/06/2010

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Triazamate ***CAS number(s):*** 112143-82-5

Chemical Name: Ethyl 2-[[5-*tert*-butyl-2-(dimethylcarbamoyl)-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl]sulfanyl]acetate

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Triazamate is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of triazamate were banned in 2009 and its use was banned in 2011.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license.

Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 01/01/2009

TÜRKIYE

Common Name(s): Triforine ***CAS number(s):*** 26644-46-2

Chemical Name: *N*-[2,2,2-Trichloro-1-[4-(2,2,2-trichloro-1-formamidoethyl)piperazin-1-yl]ethyl]formamide

Final regulatory action has been taken for the category: Pesticide

Final regulatory action: The chemical is banned.

Use or uses prohibited by the final regulatory action: All uses, formulations and applications as a plant protection product have been prohibited.

The final regulatory action was based on a risk or hazard evaluation: No

Basis for the final regulatory action if other than hazard or risk evaluation:

The purpose (art. 1) of the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law is to protect and ensure food and feed safety, public health, plant and animal health, animal breeding and welfare, taking into account consumer interests and the protection of the environment.

Furthermore, Türkiye follows the international chemicals management agreements/legislations and also since Türkiye is still a candidate country to the European Union, Türkiye also follows the EU approach on chemicals for restriction, prohibition decisions and regulatory actions which are relevant to protection of human health and the environment.

Summary of the final regulatory action: Triforine is not registered as plant protection product in the country. By the Ministry of Agriculture, production and import of triforine were banned in 2010 and its use was banned in 2011.

The general framework for the prohibition and restriction of plant protection products, including pesticides, for the purpose of protecting human health and the environment is determined by the Veterinary Services, Plant Health, Food and Feed Law.

According to the By-law on Licensing and Placing on the Market of Plant Protection Products enforced in accordance with above-mentioned Law, it is forbidden to manufacture, use and placing on the market of unlicensed plant protection products within the borders of the country.

In this context, in order to protect human health and the environment the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits hazardous active substances used in plant protection products. The prohibition process is done by not granting a license to hazardous active substances for manufacture, use and placing on the market or canceling the existing license.

Once the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry prohibits a hazardous active substance, all Provincial Directorates of the Ministry, importers and manufacturers are informed by Ministerial Circulars.

Date of entry into force of the final regulatory action: 30/06/2010

Synopsis of notifications of final regulatory action received since the last PIC Circular

PART B

NOTIFICATIONS OF FINAL REGULATORY ACTION THAT HAVE BEEN VERIFIED AS NOT CONTAINING ALL THE INFORMATION REQUIRED BY ANNEX I TO THE CONVENTION

Chemical name	CAS No.	Category	Party	Region	Annex III
2-Amino-2-thiazoline-4-carboxylic acid	2150-55-2	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	No
Arsenic compound	7440-38-2	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	No
Cis-Zeatin	327771-64-5	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	No
Esbiothrin	84030-86-4	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	No
Fluazifop	69335-91-7	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	No
Imazamethabenz-methyl	69969-22-8	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	No
Trifloxysulfuron-sodium	199119-58-9	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	No
Trimedlure	12002-53-8	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	No

PART C

NOTIFICATIONS OF FINAL REGULATORY ACTION STILL UNDER VERIFICATION

Chemical name	CAS No.	Category	Party	Region	Annex III
Chlorpyrifos-ethyl	2921-88-2	Pesticide	Chile	Latin America and Caribbean	No
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	5598-13-0	Pesticide	Chile	Latin America and Caribbean	No
Methomyl	16752-77-5	Pesticide	Chile	Latin America and Caribbean	No
Mixture of: • Glyphosate • Tallow alkyl amines ethoxylated	1071-83-6 61791-26-2	Pesticide	Chile	Latin America and Caribbean	No
Paraquat dichloride	1910-42-5	Pesticide	Chile	Latin America and Caribbean	No

APPENDIX II

PROPOSALS FOR INCLUSION OF SEVERELY HAZARDOUS PESTICIDE FORMULATIONS IN THE PIC PROCEDURE

PART A

SUMMARY OF EACH PROPOSAL FOR INCLUSION OF A SEVERELY HAZARDOUS PESTICIDE FORMULATION THAT HAS BEEN VERIFIED TO CONTAIN ALL INFORMATION REQUESTED BY PART 1 OF ANNEX IV TO THE CONVENTION

None.

PART B

PROPOSALS FOR INCLUSION OF SEVERELY HAZARDOUS PESTICIDE FORMULATIONS STILL UNDER VERIFICATION

None.

APPENDIX III

CHEMICALS SUBJECT TO THE PIC PROCEDURE

Chemical name	CAS No.	Category	Date of first dispatch of decision guidance document
2,4,5-T and its salts and esters	93-76-5[1]	Pesticide	Prior to adoption of the Convention
Alachlor	15972-60-8	Pesticide	24 October 2011
Aldicarb	116-06-3	Pesticide	24 October 2011
Aldrin	309-00-2	Pesticide	Prior to adoption of the Convention
Azinphos-methyl	86-50-0	Pesticide	10 August 2013
Binapacryl	485-31-4	Pesticide	1 February 2005
Captafol	2425-06-1	Pesticide	Prior to adoption of the Convention
Carbofuran	1563-66-2	Pesticide	15 September 2017
Chlordane	57-74-9	Pesticide	Prior to adoption of the Convention
Chlordimeform	6164-98-3	Pesticide	Prior to adoption of the Convention
Chlorobenzilate	510-15-6	Pesticide	Prior to adoption of the Convention
DDT	50-29-3	Pesticide	Prior to adoption of the Convention
Dieldrin	60-57-1	Pesticide	Prior to adoption of the Convention
Dinitro-*ortho*-cresol (DNOC) and its salts (such as ammonium salt, potassium salt and sodium salt)	534-52-1 2980-64-5 5787-96-2 2312-76-7	Pesticide	1 February 2005
Dinoseb and its salts and esters	88-85-7[1]	Pesticide	Prior to adoption of the Convention
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	106-93-4	Pesticide	Prior to adoption of the Convention
Endosulfan	115-29-7	Pesticide	24 October 2011
Ethylene dichloride	107-06-2	Pesticide	1 February 2005
Ethylene oxide	75-21-8	Pesticide	1 February 2005
Fluoroacetamide	640-19-7	Pesticide	Prior to adoption of the Convention
HCH (mixed isomers)	608-73-1	Pesticide	Prior to adoption of the Convention
Heptachlor	76-44-8	Pesticide	Prior to adoption of the Convention
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	Pesticide	Prior to adoption of the Convention
Lindane	58-89-9	Pesticide	Prior to adoption of the Convention
Mercury compounds, including inorganic mercury compounds, alkyl mercury compounds and alkyloxyalkyl and aryl mercury compounds		Pesticide	Prior to adoption of the Convention
Methamidophos	10265-92-6	Pesticide	15 September 2015[2]
Monocrotophos	6923-22-4	Pesticide	1 February 2005

Chemical name	CAS No.	Category	Date of first dispatch of decision guidance document
Parathion	56-38-2	Pesticide	1 February 2005
Pentachlorophenol and its salts and esters	87-86-5[1]	Pesticide	Prior to adoption of the Convention
Phorate	298-02-2	Pesticide	16 September 2019
Terbufos	13071-79-9	Pesticide	To be issued on 22 October 2023
Toxaphene	8001-35-2	Pesticide	1 February 2005
All tributyltin compounds including: - Tributyltin oxide - Tributyltin fluoride - Tributyltin methacrylate - Tributyltin benzoate - Tributyltin chloride - Tributyltin linoleate - Tributyltin naphthenate	 56-35-9 1983-10-4 2155-70-6 4342-36-3 1461-22-9 24124-25-2 85409-17-2	Pesticide	1 February 2009[3]
Trichlorfon	52-68-6	Pesticide	15 September 2017
Dustable powder formulations containing a combination of: - Benomyl at or above 7%, - Carbofuran at or above 10%, - Thiram at or above 15%	 17804-35-2 1563-66-2 137-26-8	Severely hazardous pesticide formulation	1 February 2005
Phosphamidon (soluble liquid formulations of the substance that exceed 1000 g active ingredient/L)	13171-21-6 (mixture, (*E*)&(*Z*) isomers) 23783-98-4 ((*Z*)-isomer) 297-99-4 ((*E*)-isomer)	Severely hazardous pesticide formulation	Prior to adoption of the Convention
Methyl-parathion (emulsifiable concentrates (EC) at or above 19.5% active ingredient and dusts at or above 1.5% active ingredient)	298-00-0	Severely hazardous pesticide formulation	Prior to adoption of the Convention
Asbestos: - Actinolite - Anthophyllite - Amosite - Crocidolite - Tremolite	 77536-66-4 77536-67-5 12172-73-5 12001-28-4 77536-68-6	Industrial	 1 February 2005 1 February 2005 1 February 2005 Prior to adoption of the Convention 1 February 2005
Commercial octabromodiphenyl ether including: - Hexabromodiphenyl ether - Heptabromodiphenyl ether	 36483-60-0 68928-80-3	Industrial	10 August 2013
Commercial pentabromodiphenyl ether including: - Tetrabromodiphenyl ether - Pentabromodiphenyl ether	 40088-47-9 32534-81-9	Industrial	10 August 2013
Decabromodiphenyl ether	1163-19-5	Industrial	21 October 2022
Hexabromocyclododecane	25637-99-4 3194-55-6 134237-50-6 134237-51-7 134237-52-8	Industrial	16 September 2019

Chemical name	CAS No.	Category	Date of first dispatch of decision guidance document
Perfluorooctane sulfonic acid, perfluorooctane sulfonates, perfluorooctane sulfonamides and perfluorooctane sulfonyls including:		Industrial	10 August 2013
- Perfluorooctane sulfonic acid	1763-23-1		
- Potassium perfluorooctane sulfonate	2795-39-3		
- Lithium perfluorooctane sulfonate	29457-72-5		
- Ammonium perfluorooctane sulfonate	29081-56-9		
- Diethanolammonium perfluorooctane sulfonate	70225-14-8		
- Tetraethylammonium perfluorooctane sulfonate	56773-42-3		
- Didecyldimethylammonium perfluorooctane sulfonate	251099-16-8		
- *N*-Ethylperfluorooctane sulfonamide	4151-50-2		
- *N*-Methylperfluorooctane sulfonamide	31506-32-8		
- *N*-Ethyl-*N*-(2-hydroxyethyl) perfluorooctane sulfonamide	1691-99-2		
- *N*-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-*N*-methylperfluorooctane sulfonamide	24448-09-7		
- Perfluorooctane sulfonyl fluoride	307-35-7		
Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA), its salts and PFOA-related compounds[4]	335-67-1	Industrial	21 October 2022
Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)	36355-01-8 (hexa-) 27858-07-7 (octa-) 13654-09-6 (deca-)	Industrial	Prior to adoption of the Convention
Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB)	1336-36-3	Industrial	Prior to adoption of the Convention
Polychlorinated terphenyls (PCT)	61788-33-8	Industrial	Prior to adoption of the Convention
Short-chain chlorinated paraffins	85535-84-8	Industrial	15 September 2017
Tetraethyl lead	78-00-2	Industrial	1 February 2005
Tetramethyl lead	75-74-1	Industrial	1 February 2005
All tributyltin compounds including:		Industrial	15 September 2017[5]
- Tributyltin oxide	56-35-9		
- Tributyltin fluoride	1983-10-4		
- Tributyltin methacrylate	2155-70-6		
- Tributyltin benzoate	4342-36-3		
- Tributyltin chloride	1461-22-9		
- Tributyltin linoleate	24124-25-2		
- Tributyltin naphthenate	85409-17-2		
Tris(2,3-dibromopropyl) phosphate	126-72-7	Industrial	Prior to adoption of the Convention

Notes:

1. Only the CAS numbers of parent compounds are listed. For a list of other relevant CAS numbers, reference may be made to the relevant decision guidance document.

2. The date relates to the date for the communication of the decision guidance document for the chemical currently included in Annex III and adopted by decision RC-7/4, which amended Annex III to list methamidophos and deleted a previous entry in Annex III for "methamidophos (soluble liquid formulations of the substance that exceed 600 g active ingredient/L)".
3. See the related entry for all tributyltin compounds within the industrial category. Tributyltin compounds were initially listed within the pesticide category by decision RC-4/5 and the initial decision guidance document communicated to Parties related solely to the pesticide category. Decision RC-8/5 subsequently amended Annex III to list all tributyltin compounds also in the industrial category, with the amendment entering into force on 15 September 2017. A revised decision guidance document was also approved (see note 5).
4. The following substances are included in this designation:
   - Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) and its salts
   - Any related substance (including its salts and polymers) having a linear or branched perfluoroheptyl group with the formula C_7F_{15}- directly attached to another carbon atom as one of the structural elements
   - Any related substance (including its salts and polymers) having a linear or branched perfluorooctyl group with the formula C_8F_{17}- as one of the structural elements

   The following substances are excluded from this designation:
   - C_8F_{17}-X, where X = F, Cl, Br
   - C_8F_{17}-C(=O)OH, C_8F_{17}-C(=O)O-X′ or C_8F_{17}-CF_2-X′ (where X′ = any group, including salts)
   - Perfluorooctane sulfonic acid (PFOS) and its derivatives ($C_8F_{17}SO_2X$ (X = OH, metal salt (O-M+), halide, amide and other derivatives including polymers))
5. This entry refers to the date for communication of the revised decision guidance document for tributyltin compounds, which relates to both the pesticide and industrial categories, which was approved by decision RC-8/5.

APPENDIX IV

LISTING OF ALL IMPORT RESPONSES RECEIVED FROM PARTIES AND CASES OF FAILURE TO SUBMIT RESPONSES

All import responses received from Parties and cases of failure to submit responses are available on the Convention website: http://www.pic.int/tabid/1370/language/en-US/Default.aspx.

The online database is presented with four tabs:

1. Import responses recently transmitted;
2. Import responses by Party;
3. Import responses by Chemical;
4. Cases of failure to submit responses.

The import responses received since the last PIC Circular (between 1 November 2022 and 30 April 2023) may be viewed under the first tab "Import responses recently transmitted". The overview of those import responses is available in this appendix.

All import responses, including latest and previously transmitted information, may be viewed under the second tab "Import responses by Party" or the third tab "Import responses by Chemical".

The cases of failure to submit responses are available under the fourth tab "Cases of failure to submit responses". It also includes the date on which the Secretariat first informed all Parties, through publication in the PIC Circular, of cases of failure to transmit a response.

OVERVIEW OF NEW IMPORT RESPONSES RECEIVED SINCE THE LAST PIC CIRCULAR

Pesticides

2,4,5-T and its salts and esters
Botswana

Alachlor
Kenya
Malaysia
Nicaragua

Aldicarb
Kenya

Azinphos-methyl
Botswana
Kenya
Malaysia
New Zealand
Zimbabwe

Binapacryl
Botswana

Captafol
Botswana
Nicaragua

Carbofuran
Armenia
Georgia
Kenya
Malaysia

Chlorobenzilate
Botswana
Nicaragua

Dinitro-*ortho*-cresol (DNOC) and its salts (such as ammonium salt, potassium salt and sodium salt)
Botswana
Nicaragua

Dinoseb and its salts and esters
Botswana
Nicaragua

1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)
Botswana

Endosulfan
Armenia
Kenya
Malaysia
Thailand

Ethylene dichloride
Botswana
Nicaragua

Fluoroacetamide
Botswana

HCH (mixed isomers)
Botswana

Lindane
Botswana

Mercury compounds, including inorganic mercury compounds, alkyl mercury compounds and alkyloxyalkyl and aryl mercury compounds
Botswana

Monocrotophos
Botswana
Zimbabwe

Parathion
Botswana
Kenya

Phorate
Armenia
Botswana
Georgia
Kenya
Montenegro
Thailand

Toxaphene
Botswana

All tributyltin compounds
Malaysia

Trichlorfon

Armenia
Botswana
Georgia
Kenya
Nicaragua

Severely hazardous pesticide formulations

Dustable powder formulations containing a combination of benomyl at or above 7%, carbofuran at or above 10%, and thiram at or above 15%

Nicaragua

Phosphamidon (soluble liquid formulations of the substance that exceed 1000 g active ingredient/l)

Nicaragua

Industrial Chemicals

Actinolite asbestos

Botswana
Nicaragua[1]

Amosite asbestos

Botswana
Congo
Nicaragua[1]

Anthophyllite asbestos

Botswana
Nicaragua[1]

Crocidolite asbestos

Botswana
Nicaragua[1]

Tremolite asbestos

Botswana
Nicaragua[1]

Commercial octabromodiphenyl ether (including hexabromodiphenyl ether and heptabromodiphenyl ether)

Armenia
Botswana
Nicaragua
Oman

Commercial pentabromodiphenyl ether (including tetrabromodiphenyl ether and pentabromodiphenyl ether)

Armenia
Botswana
Nicaragua
Oman
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)

Decabromodiphenyl ether

Botswana
Cabo Verde
Canada
Cuba
Indonesia
New Zealand
Nicaragua
Panama
Singapore
South Africa

Hexabromocyclododecane

Armenia
Congo
Guinea
Montenegro
Nicaragua
Oman
South Africa

Perfluorooctane sulfonic acid, perfluorooctane sulfonates, perfluorooctane sulfonamides and perfluorooctane sulfonyls

Armenia
Oman

Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA), its salts and PFOA-related compounds

Cabo Verde
Canada
Cuba
Indonesia
New Zealand
Nicaragua
Panama
Singapore

Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)

Botswana
Nicaragua[2]

Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)
Botswana

Polychlorinated terphenyls (PCT)
Botswana

Short-chain chlorinated paraffins
Armenia
Botswana
Congo
Nicaragua
Oman
South Africa

Tetraethyl lead
Botswana
Congo

Tetramethyl lead
Botswana

All tributyltin compounds
Armenia
Botswana
Congo
Oman

Tris(2,3-dibromopropyl) phosphate
Nicaragua[2]

Notes:

1. A revision to the import response published in PIC Circular XXXI (June 2010).
2. A revision to the import response published in PIC Circular XLII (December 2015).

APPENDIX V

NOTIFICATIONS OF FINAL REGULATORY ACTION FOR CHEMICALS NOT LISTED IN ANNEX III

This appendix consists of two parts:

Part A: Notifications of final regulatory action for chemicals not listed in Annex III and verified as containing all the information required by Annex I to the Convention

The table lists all the notifications received during the interim PIC procedure and the current PIC procedure (September 1998 to 30 April 2023) verified as containing all the information required by Annex I to the Convention.

Part B: Notifications of final regulatory action for chemicals not listed in Annex III and verified as <u>not</u> containing all the information required by Annex I to the Convention

The table lists all the notifications received during the interim PIC procedure and the current PIC procedure (September 1998 to 30 April 2023) verified as not containing all the information required by Annex I to the Convention.

The information is also available on the Convention website.[19]

[19] www.pic.int/tabid/1368/language/en-US/Default.aspx

Notifications of final regulatory action for chemicals not listed in Annex III

PART A

NOTIFICATIONS OF FINAL REGULATORY ACTION FOR CHEMICALS NOT LISTED IN ANNEX III AND VERIFIED AS CONTAINING ALL THE INFORMATION REQUIRED BY ANNEX I TO THE CONVENTION

Chemical name	CAS No.	Category	Party	Region	PIC Circular
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	630-20-6	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	630-20-6	Industrial	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	Industrial	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	Industrial	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
1,1-Dichloroethylene	75-35-4	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
1,1-Dichloroethylene	75-35-4	Industrial	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
1,3-Dichloropropene	542-75-6	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXXVI
1,3-Dichloropropene	542-75-6	Pesticide	Serbia	Europe	LII
1,3-Dichloropropene	542-75-6	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
2,3,4,5-bis(2-butylene)tetrahydro-2-furaldehyde (MGK Repellent, MGK-R11)	126-15-8	Pesticide	Canada	North America	XXII
2,4,5-TP (Silvex; Fenoprop)	93-72-1	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XIV
2,4,6-Tri-*tert*-butylphenol	732-26-3	Industrial	Japan	Asia	XXI
2,4-D-dimethylammonium	2008-39-1	Pesticide	Mozambique	Africa	LII
2-Ethyl-1,3-hexanediol	94-96-2	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XX
2-Naphthoxyacetic acid	120-23-0	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
2-Naphthylamine	91-59-8	Industrial	Japan	Asia	XXI
2-Naphthylamine	91-59-8	Industrial	Republic of Korea	Asia	XX
2-Naphthylamine	91-59-8	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
2-Naphthylamine	91-59-8	Industrial	Switzerland	Europe	XXIII
2-Naphthylamine	91-59-8	Industrial	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
2-Nitrobenzaldehyde	552-89-6	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
2-Propen-1-ol, reaction products with pentafluoroiodoethane tetrafluoroethylene telomer, dehydroiodinated, reaction products with epichlorohydrin and triethylenetetramine	464178-90-3	Industrial	Canada	North America	XLI
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-methylpropyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate and 2,5 furandione, gamma-omega-perfluoro-C_{8-14}-alkyl esters, *tert*-Bu benzenecarboperoxoate-initiated	459415-06-6	Industrial	Canada	North America	XLI
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, hexadecyl ester, polymers with 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate, gamma-omega-perfluoro-C_{10-16}-alkyl acrylate and stearyl methacrylate	203743-03-7	Industrial	Canada	North America	XLI
4-Aminobiphenyl	92-67-1	Industrial	Republic of Korea	Asia	XX
4-Aminobiphenyl	92-67-1	Industrial	Japan	Asia	XXI
4-Aminobiphenyl	92-67-1	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX

Chemical name	CAS No.	Category	Party	Region	PIC Circular
4-Aminobiphenyl	92-67-1	Industrial	Switzerland	Europe	XXIII
4-Aminobiphenyl	92-67-1	Industrial	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
4-Chlorophenoxyacetic acid	122-88-3	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
4-Nitrobiphenyl	92-93-3	Industrial	Japan	Asia	XXI
4-Nitrobiphenyl	92-93-3	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
4-Nitrobiphenyl	92-93-3	Industrial	Switzerland	Europe	XXIII
4-Nitrobiphenyl	92-93-3	Industrial	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
5-*tert*-Butyl-2,4,6-trinitro-*m*-xylene (Musk xylene)	81-15-2	Industrial	European Union	Europe	LV
Acephate	30560-19-1	Pesticide	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Europe	LIII
Acephate	30560-19-1	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XVIII
Acephate	30560-19-1	Pesticide	Serbia	Europe	LII
Acephate	30560-19-1	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Acetochlor	34256-82-1	Pesticide	Burkina Faso	Africa	XLV
Acetochlor	34256-82-1	Pesticide	Cabo Verde	Africa	XLV
Acetochlor	34256-82-1	Pesticide	Chad	Africa	XLV
Acetochlor	34256-82-1	Pesticide	Gambia	Africa	XLV
Acetochlor	34256-82-1	Pesticide	Guinea-Bissau	Africa	XLV
Acetochlor	34256-82-1	Pesticide	Mali	Africa	XLV
Acetochlor	34256-82-1	Pesticide	Mauritania	Africa	XLV
Acetochlor	34256-82-1	Pesticide	Niger	Africa	XLV
Acetochlor	34256-82-1	Pesticide	Senegal	Africa	XLV
Acetochlor	34256-82-1	Pesticide	Togo	Africa	XLV
Acetochlor	34256-82-1	Pesticide	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Europe	XLIX
Acetochlor	34256-82-1	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XLV
Acetochlor	34256-82-1	Pesticide	Serbia	Europe	LII
Acetochlor	34256-82-1	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Allyl alcohol	107-18-6	Pesticide	Canada	North America	XXII
Alpha hexachlorocyclohexane	319-84-6	Pesticide	China	Asia	XLV
Alpha hexachlorocyclohexane	319-84-6	Industrial	Japan	Asia	XXXII
Alpha hexachlorocyclohexane	319-84-6	Pesticide	Japan	Asia	XXXIII
Aluminium phosphide	20859-73-8	Pesticide & Industrial	Japan	Asia	XX
Amitraz	33089-61-1	Pesticide	Iran (Islamic Republic of)	Asia	XXX
Amitraz	33089-61-1	Pesticide	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Europe	LII
Amitraz	33089-61-1	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXI
Amitraz	33089-61-1	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Amitraz	33089-61-1	Pesticide	Syrian Arab Republic	Near East	XXXII
Amitrole	61-82-5	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XX
Amitrole	61-82-5	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XLIX
Amitrole	61-82-5	Pesticide	Ecuador	Latin America and the Caribbean	LII
Ammonium hydrogen sulfide	12124-99-1	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Ammonium hydrogen sulfide	12124-99-1	Industrial	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Ammonium polysulfide	9080-17-5	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Ammonium thiocyanate	1762-95-4	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Anilofos	64249-01-0	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Anthracene oil	90640-80-5	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Aramite	140-57-8	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XIV
Arsenic compounds	7440-38-2	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX

Chemical name	CAS No.	Category	Party	Region	PIC Circular
Arsenic pentoxide	1303-28-2	Industrial	European Union	Europe	LV
Arsenic pentoxide	1303-28-2	Industrial	Republic of Korea	Asia	XX
Atrazine	1912-24-9	Pesticide	Cabo Verde	Africa	XLI
Atrazine	1912-24-9	Pesticide	Chad	Africa	XLI
Atrazine	1912-24-9	Pesticide	Gambia	Africa	XLI
Atrazine	1912-24-9	Pesticide	Mauritania	Africa	XLI
Atrazine	1912-24-9	Pesticide	Niger	Africa	XLI
Atrazine	1912-24-9	Pesticide	Senegal	Africa	XLI
Atrazine	1912-24-9	Pesticide	Togo	Africa	XLI
Atrazine	1912-24-9	Pesticide	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Europe	LIII
Atrazine	1912-24-9	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXI
Atrazine	1912-24-9	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Atrazine	1912-24-9	Pesticide	Uruguay	Latin America and the Caribbean	L
Azinphos-ethyl	2642-71-9	Pesticide	Iran (Islamic Republic of)	Asia	XLVI
Azinphos-ethyl	2642-71-9	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XIV
Azinphos-ethyl	2642-71-9	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Azocyclotin	41083-11-8	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Benalaxyl	71626-11-4	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	LVII
Benfuracarb	82560-54-1	Pesticide	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Europe	LIII
Benfuracarb	82560-54-1	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXXV
Benfuracarb	82560-54-1	Pesticide	Serbia	Europe	LII
Benfuracarb	82560-54-1	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Bentazon	25057-89-0	Pesticide	Norway	Europe	XIII
Benzene	71-43-2	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Benzene	71-43-2	Industrial	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Benzidine	92-87-5	Industrial	Republic of Korea	Asia	XX
Benzidine	92-87-5	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Benzidine	92-87-5	Industrial	Jordan	Near East	XLII
Benzidine	92-87-5	Industrial	Canada	North America	XXI
Benzidine	92-87-5	Industrial	Canada	North America	XXVIII
Benzidine and its salts	92-87-5	Industrial	India	Asia	XX
Benzidine and its salts	92-87-5	Industrial	Japan	Asia	XXI
Benzidine and its salts	92-87-5	Industrial	Switzerland	Europe	XXIII
Benzidine, its salts and benzidine derivatives	92-87-5 21136-70-9 36341-27-2 531-85-1 531-86-2 (list is not exhaustive)	Industrial	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Benzidine and its salts	92-87-5	Industrial	Jordan	Near East	XVIII
Benzyl butyl phthalate	85-68-7	Industrial	European Union	Europe	LV
Benzyl butyl phthalate	85-68-7	Industrial	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Beta cypermethrin	65731-84-2	Pesticide	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Europe	LIII
Beta cypermethrin	65731-84-2	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	L
Beta hexachlorocyclohexane	319-85-7	Pesticide	China	Asia	XLV
Beta hexachlorocyclohexane	319-85-7	Industrial	Japan	Asia	XXXII
Beta hexachlorocyclohexane	319-85-7	Pesticide	Japan	Asia	XXXIII
Beta hexachlorocyclohexane	319-85-7	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XX
Bifenthrin	82657-04-3	Pesticide	Netherlands (Kingdom of the)	Europe	XIV

Chemical name	CAS No.	Category	Party	Region	PIC Circular
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	111-44-4	Industrial	Republic of Korea	Asia	XX
Bis(chloromethyl)ether	542-88-1	Industrial	Japan	Asia	XXI
Bis(chloromethyl)ether	542-88-1	Industrial	Republic of Korea	Asia	XX
Bis(chloromethyl)ether	542-88-1	Industrial	Canada	North America	XII
Bitertanol	55179-31-2	Pesticide	Norway	Europe	XXXV
Bitertanol	55179-31-2	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Brodifacoum	56073-10-0	Pesticide	Mozambique	Africa	LV
Brodifacoum	56073-10-0	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Bromacil	314-40-9	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Bromacil	314-40-9	Pesticide	Costa Rica	Latin America and the Caribbean	LII
Bromobenzylbromotoluene (DBBT)	99688-47-8	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Bromobenzylbromotoluene (DBBT)	99688-47-8	Industrial	Switzerland	Europe	XXIII
Bromochlorodifluoromethane (Halon 1211)	353-59-3	Industrial	Canada	North America	XIII
Bromochloromethane	74-97-5	Industrial	Thailand	Asia	XXIV
Bromofos	2104-96-3	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Bromofos-ethyl	4824-78-6	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Bromopropylate	18181-80-1	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Bromotrifluoromethane	75-63-8	Industrial	Canada	North America	XII
Bromoxynil octanoate	1689-99-2	Pesticide	Norway	Europe	XIV
Bromuconazole	116255-48-2	Pesticide	Norway	Europe	XIII
Bronopol	52-51-7	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Butralin	33629-47-9	Pesticide	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Europe	LIII
Butralin	33629-47-9	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXXIII
Butralin	33629-47-9	Pesticide	Serbia	Europe	LII
Butralin	33629-47-9	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Cadmium	7440-43-9	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Cadusafos	95465-99-9	Pesticide	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Europe	LIII
Cadusafos	95465-99-9	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXXVI
Cadusafos	95465-99-9	Pesticide	Serbia	Europe	LII
Cadusafos	95465-99-9	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Calcium arsenate	7778-44-1	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XIV
Calcium cyanide	592-01-8	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Carbaryl	63-25-2	Pesticide	Mozambique	Africa	LI
Carbaryl	63-25-2	Pesticide	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Europe	LII
Carbaryl	63-25-2	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXVI
Carbaryl	63-25-2	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Carbaryl	63-25-2	Pesticide	Jordan	Near East	XVIII
Carbaryl	63-25-2	Pesticide	Syrian Arab Republic	Near East	XXXII
Carbendazim	10605-21-7	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	Industrial	Republic of Korea	Asia	XX
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XX
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	Pesticide & Industrial	Switzerland	Europe	XXI
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	Pesticide	Ecuador	Latin America and the Caribbean	LII
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	Industrial	Jordan	Near East	XLIV

Chemical name	CAS No.	Category	Party	Region	PIC Circular
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	Pesticide & Industrial	Canada	North America	XII
Carbosulfan	55285-14-8	Pesticide	Burkina Faso	Africa	XLI
Carbosulfan	55285-14-8	Pesticide	Cabo Verde	Africa	XLI
Carbosulfan	55285-14-8	Pesticide	Chad	Africa	XLI
Carbosulfan	55285-14-8	Pesticide	Gambia	Africa	XLI
Carbosulfan	55285-14-8	Pesticide	Mauritania	Africa	XLI
Carbosulfan	55285-14-8	Pesticide	Niger	Africa	XLI
Carbosulfan	55285-14-8	Pesticide	Senegal	Africa	XLI
Carbosulfan	55285-14-8	Pesticide	Togo	Africa	XLI
Carbosulfan	55285-14-8	Pesticide	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Europe	LIII
Carbosulfan	55285-14-8	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXXV
Carbosulfan	55285-14-8	Pesticide	Serbia	Europe	LII
Carbosulfan	55285-14-8	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Chinomethionate	2439-01-2	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Chloral hydrate	302-17-0	Pesticide	Netherlands (Kingdom of the)	Europe	XIV
Chlorates (sodium chlorate, magnesium chlorate and potassium chlorate)	7775-09-9, 10326-21-3, 3811-04-9	Pesticide	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Europe	LIII
Chlorates (including but not limited to Na, Mg, K chlorates)	7775-09-9, 10326-21-3, 3811-04-9 and others	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXXVIII
Chlordecone	143-50-0	Pesticide	China	Asia	XLV
Chlordecone	143-50-0	Industrial	Japan	Asia	XXXII
Chlordecone	143-50-0	Pesticide	Japan	Asia	XXXIII
Chlordecone	143-50-0	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XIV
Chlordecone	143-50-0	Pesticide	Switzerland	Europe	XX
Chlordecone	143-50-0	Pesticide	Peru	Latin America and the Caribbean	XLV
Chlorfenapyr	122453-73-0	Pesticide	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Europe	LIII
Chlorfenapyr	122453-73-0	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XVIII
Chlorfenapyr	122453-73-0	Pesticide	Serbia	Europe	LII
Chlorfenvinphos	470-90-6	Pesticide	Mozambique	Africa	LI
Chlorfenvinphos	470-90-6	Pesticide	Norway	Europe	XIII
Chlorfenvinphos	470-90-6	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Chlorfluazuron	71422-67-8	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Chloroethylene	75-01-4	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Chloroethylene	75-01-4	Industrial	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Chlorofluorocarbon (totally halogenated)	75-69-4, 75-71-8, 76-13-1, 76-14-2, 76-15-3	Industrial	Canada	North America	XII
Chloroform	67-66-3	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Chloromethyl methyl ether	107-30-2	Industrial	Canada	North America	XXVIII
Chloroneb	2675-77-6	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Chloropicrin	76-06-2	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Chlorothalonil	1897-45-6	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	LIII
Chlorpropham	101-21-3	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	LIV
Chlorpyrifos	2921-88-2	Pesticide	Malaysia	Asia	LVII
Chlorpyrifos	2921-88-2	Pesticide	Sri Lanka	Asia	XLIX
Chlorpyrifos	2921-88-2	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	LVI

Chemical name	CAS No.	Category	Party	Region	PIC Circular
Chlorpyrifos	2921-88-2	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	5598-13-0	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	LVII
Chlorsulfuron	64902-72-3	Pesticide	Norway	Europe	XIII
Chlorthal-dimethyl	1861-32-1	Pesticide	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Europe	LIII
Chlorthal-dimethyl	1861-32-1	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXXVII
Chlorthiophos	60238-56-4	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XIV
Chlozolinate	84332-86-5	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XVI
Chrysotile asbestos	12001-29-5	Industrial	South Africa	Africa	XXX
Chrysotile asbestos	12001-29-5	Industrial	Iran (Islamic Republic of)	Asia	LII
Chrysotile asbestos	12001-29-5	Industrial	Japan	Asia	XXX
Chrysotile asbestos	12001-29-5	Industrial	Japan	Asia	XXV
Chrysotile asbestos	12001-29-5	Industrial	Bulgaria	Europe	XXII
Chrysotile asbestos	12001-29-5	Industrial	European Union	Europe	XIII
Chrysotile asbestos	12001-29-5	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Chrysotile asbestos	12001-29-5	Industrial	Switzerland	Europe	XXI
Chrysotile asbestos	12001-29-5	Industrial	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Chrysotile asbestos	12001-29-5	Industrial	Chile	Latin America and the Caribbean	XV
Chrysotile asbestos	12001-29-5	Industrial	Canada	North America	XLIX
Chrysotile asbestos	12001-29-5	Industrial	Australia	Southwest Pacific	XIX
Coumachlor	81-82-3	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Creosote	8001-58-9	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Creosote oil	61789-28-4	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Creosote oil, acenaphthene fraction	90640-84-9	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Creosote, wood	8021-39-4	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Cyanazine	21725-46-2	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Cybutryne	28159-98-0	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	LI
Cycloate	1134-23-2	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Cycloheximide	66-81-9	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XIV
Cyclosulfamuron	136849-15-5	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Cyhexatin	13121-70-5	Pesticide	Japan	Asia	XX
Cyhexatin	13121-70-5	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Cyhexatin	13121-70-5	Pesticide	Brazil	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXXVI
Cyhexatin	13121-70-5	Pesticide	Canada	North America	XXII
Cypermethrin	67375-30-8	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
DDD	72-54-8	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XX
Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDEs)	40088-47-9**, 32534-81-9**, 36483-60-0**, 68928-80-3**, 32536-52-0, 63936-56-1, 1163-19-5	Industrial	Canada	North America	XLVIII
Demephion-*O*	682-80-4	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XIV
Demeton-methyl (isomeric mixture of demeton-*O*-methyl and demeton-*S*-methyl)	8022-00-2, 867-27-6, 919-86-8	Pesticide & Industrial	Japan	Asia	XX
DPX KE 459 (flupyrsulfuron methyl)	150315-10-9, 144740-54-5	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	LI
Diazinon	333-41-5	Pesticide	Mozambique	Africa	LV
Diazinon	333-41-5	Pesticide	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Europe	L

Chemical name	CAS No.	Category	Party	Region	PIC Circular
Diazinon	333-41-5	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXXII
Diazinon	333-41-5	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
DBCP (1,2-dibromo-3-chloropropane)	96-12-8	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XIV
DBCP (1,2-dibromo-3-chloropropane)	96-12-8	Pesticide	Colombia	Latin America and the Caribbean	XLV
DBCP (1,2-dibromo-3-chloropropane)	96-12-8	Pesticide	Ecuador	Latin America and the Caribbean	LII
DBCP (1,2-dibromo-3-chloropropane)	96-12-8	Pesticide	Canada	North America	XXII
Dibromotetrafluoroethane	124-73-2	Industrial	Canada	North America	XIII
Dibutyltin hydrogen borate (DBB)	75113-37-0	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Dichlobenil	1194-65-6	Pesticide	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Europe	LII
Dichlobenil	1194-65-6	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXXVI
Dichlobenil	1194-65-6	Pesticide	Norway	Europe	XII
Dichlofluanid	1085-98-9	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Dichloro[(dichlorophenyl) methyl]methylbenzene	76253-60-6	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Dichloro[(dichlorophenyl) methyl]methylbenzene	76253-60-6	Industrial	Switzerland	Europe	XXIII
Dichlorobenzyltoluene	81161-70-8	Industrial	Switzerland	Europe	XXIII
Dichlorophen	97-23-4	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XIV
Dichlorvos	62-73-7	Pesticide	Malawi	Africa	LVI
Dichlorvos	62-73-7	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXXIV
Dichlorvos	62-73-7	Pesticide	Serbia	Europe	LII
Dicloran	99-30-9	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXXVI
Dicloran	99-30-9	Pesticide	Serbia	Europe	LII
Dicofol	115-32-2	Industrial	Japan	Asia	XXII
Dicofol	115-32-2	Industrial	Japan	Asia	XXXII
Dicofol	115-32-2	Pesticide	Japan	Asia	XXXIII
Dicofol	115-32-2	Pesticide	Netherlands (Kingdom of the)	Europe	XXII
Dicofol	115-32-2	Pesticide	Romania	Europe	XX
Dicofol	115-32-2	Pesticide	Switzerland	Europe	XXIV
Dicofol	115-32-2	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXXIII
Dicofol	115-32-2	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Dicofol	115-32-2	Pesticide	Peru	Latin America and the Caribbean	LIII
Dicrotophos	141-66-2	Pesticide	Jordan	Near East	XVIII
Diisobutyl phthalate	84-69-5	Industrial	European Union	Europe	LII
Dimefox	115-26-4	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XIV
Dimefox	115-26-4	Pesticide	Jordan	Near East	XVIII
Dimethenamid	87674-68-8	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXVII
Dimethenamid	87674-68-8	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Dimethipin	55290-64-7	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Dimethoate	60-51-5	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	LIII
Diniconazole-M	83657-18-5	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXXIV
Diniconazole-M	83657-18-5	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Dinoterb	1420-07-1	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XIV
Dinoterb	1420-07-1	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XIV
Dinoterb	1420-07-1	Pesticide	Switzerland	Europe	XX
Dioxacarb	6988-21-2	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Dioxathion	78-34-2	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Diphenamid	957-51-7	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV

Chemical name	CAS No.	Category	Party	Region	PIC Circular
Diphenylamine	122-39-4	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXXIX
Diquat	85-00-7	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	LIV
Distillates (coal tar), naphthalene oils	84650-04-4	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Distillates (coal tar), upper	65996-91-0	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Disulfoton	298-04-4	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XIV
Diuron	330-54-1	Pesticide	Mozambique	Africa	LII
Endosulfan	115-29-7**, 959-98-8, 33213-65-9	Pesticide* & Industrial	Japan	Asia	XLIV
Endothal	145-73-3	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Endrin	72-20-8	Pesticide	Indonesia	Asia	LIII
Endrin	72-20-8	Pesticide & Industrial	Japan	Asia	XX
Endrin	72-20-8	Pesticide & Industrial	Republic of Korea	Asia	XX
Endrin	72-20-8	Pesticide	Bulgaria	Europe	XXII
Endrin	72-20-8	Pesticide	Romania	Europe	XX
Endrin	72-20-8	Pesticide	Switzerland	Europe	XX
Endrin	72-20-8	Pesticide	Ecuador	Latin America and the Caribbean	LII
Endrin	72-20-8	Pesticide	Peru	Latin America and the Caribbean	XIII
Endrin	72-20-8	Pesticide	Guyana	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXVI
Endrin	72-20-8	Pesticide	Uruguay	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXVIII
Endrin	72-20-8	Pesticide	Jordan	Near East	XVIII
Endrin	72-20-8	Pesticide	Canada	North America	XXII
EPN	2104-64-5	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Epoxiconazole	106325-08-0	Pesticide	Norway	Europe	XIII
EPTC	759-94-4	Pesticide	Norway	Europe	XIII
EPTC	759-94-4	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Ethalfluralin	55283-68-6	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Ethiofencarb	29973-13-5	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Ethion	563-12-2	Pesticide	Mozambique	Africa	LV
Ethion	563-12-2	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Ethirimol	23947-60-6	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Ethoate-methyl	116-01-8	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Ethoprophos	13194-48-4	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	LIV
Ethylbromoacetate	105-36-2	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Extract residues (coal), low temp. coal tar alk	122384-78-5	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Fenamidone	161326-34-7	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	LV
Fenamiphos	22224-92-6	Pesticide	Mozambique	Africa	LV
Fenamiphos	22224-92-6	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	LVII
Fenarimol	60168-88-9	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXXVII
Fenarimol	60168-88-9	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Fenitrothion	122-14-5	Pesticide	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Europe	LII
Fenitrothion	122-14-5	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXXII
Fenpiclonil	74738-17-3	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Fenpropathrin	39515-41-8	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Fensulfothion	115-90-2	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XIV
Fenthion	55-38-9	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXII
Fenthion	55-38-9	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII

Chemical name	CAS No.	Category	Party	Region	PIC Circular
Fentin acetate	900-95-8	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XVI
Fentin acetate	900-95-8	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Fentin hydroxide	76-87-9	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XVI
Fentin hydroxide	76-87-9	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Fenvalerate	51630-58-1	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Ferbam	14484-64-1	Pesticide	Canada	North America	XLIX
Fipronil	120068-37-3	Pesticide	Cabo Verde	Africa	XLI
Fipronil	120068-37-3	Pesticide	Chad	Africa	XLI
Fipronil	120068-37-3	Pesticide	Gambia	Africa	XLI
Fipronil	120068-37-3	Pesticide	Mauritania	Africa	XLI
Fipronil	120068-37-3	Pesticide	Niger	Africa	XLI
Fipronil	120068-37-3	Pesticide	Senegal	Africa	XLI
Fipronil	120068-37-3	Pesticide	Togo	Africa	XLI
Fipronil	120068-37-3	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Flocoumafen	90035-08-8	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Fluazifop-*P*-butyl	79241-46-6	Pesticide	Norway	Europe	XIII
Fluazinam	79622-59-6	Pesticide	Norway	Europe	XXXII
Flubenzimine	37893-02-0	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Flucythrinate	70124-77-5	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Flufenoxuron	101463-69-8	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXXIX
Flumetsulam	98967-40-9	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Fluopicolide	239110-15-7	Pesticide	Norway	Europe	XLIII
Fluoroacetic acid and its salts	144-49-0, 62-74-8	Pesticide & Industrial	Japan	Asia	XX
Fluridone	59756-60-4	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Flurprimidol	56425-91-3	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXXVI
Flurtamone	96525-23-4	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	LV
Fluthiacet-methyl	117337-19-6	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Folpet	133-07-3	Pesticide	Malaysia	Asia	XII
Fomesafen	72178-02-0	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Fonofos	944-22-9	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XIV
Formothion	2540-82-1	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Furathiocarb	65907-30-4	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Furfural	98-01-1	Pesticide	Mozambique	Africa	LI
Halfenprox	111872-58-3	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Haloxyfop	69806-34-4	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Haloxyfop ethoxyethyl ester	87237-48-7	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1**	Industrial	China	Asia	XLII
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1**	Pesticide* & Industrial	Japan	Asia	XX
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1**	Pesticide* & Industrial	Panama	Latin America and the Caribbean	XIX
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1**	Industrial	Canada	North America	XXVIII
Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	Industrial	Japan	Asia	XXII
Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	Industrial	Canada	North America	XXVIII
Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Hexaconazole	79983-71-4	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Hexaflumuron	86479-06-3	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Hexane, 1,6-diisocyanato-, homopolymer, reaction products with alpha-fluoro-omega-2-hydroxyethyl-poly(difluoromethylene), C_{16-20}-branched alcohols and 1-octadecanol	Not available	Industrial	Canada	North America	XLI

Chemical name	CAS No.	Category	Party	Region	PIC Circular
Hexazinone	51235-04-2	Pesticide	Burkina Faso	Africa	XLV
Hexazinone	51235-04-2	Pesticide	Cabo Verde	Africa	XLV
Hexazinone	51235-04-2	Pesticide	Chad	Africa	XLV
Hexazinone	51235-04-2	Pesticide	Gambia	Africa	XLV
Hexazinone	51235-04-2	Pesticide	Guinea-Bissau	Africa	XLV
Hexazinone	51235-04-2	Pesticide	Mali	Africa	XLV
Hexazinone	51235-04-2	Pesticide	Mauritania	Africa	XLV
Hexazinone	51235-04-2	Pesticide	Niger	Africa	XLV
Hexazinone	51235-04-2	Pesticide	Senegal	Africa	XLV
Hexazinone	51235-04-2	Pesticide	Togo	Africa	XLV
Hexazinone	51235-04-2	Pesticide	Norway	Europe	XIII
Hydrogen cyanamide	420-04-2	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Hydrogen cyanide	74-90-8	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Imazalil	35554-44-0	Pesticide	Norway	Europe	XIII
Imazapic	104098-48-8	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Imazapyr	81334-34-1	Pesticide	Norway	Europe	XIV
Imazapyr	81334-34-1	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Imazethapyr	81335-77-5	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Iminoctadine	13516-27-3	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Indolylacetic acid	87-51-4	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Iprodione	36734-19-7	Pesticide	Mozambique	Africa	LI
Iprodione	36734-19-7	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	L
Iprodione	36734-19-7	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Isodrin	465-73-6	Pesticide	Switzerland	Europe	XX
Isofenphos	25311-71-1	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Isoproturon	34123-59-6	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	LI
Isopyrazam	881685-58-1	Pesticide	Norway	Europe	XXXVII
Kelevan	4234-79-1	Pesticide	Switzerland	Europe	XX
Kinetin	525-79-1	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Lead arsenate	7784-40-9	Pesticide	Japan	Asia	XX
Lead arsenate	7784-40-9	Pesticide	Peru	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXXV
Lead carbonate	598-63-0	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Lead carbonate	598-63-0	Industrial	Jordan	Near East	XXXVI
Lead hydroxycarbonate	1319-46-6	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Lead sulfate	15739-80-7	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Lead(II)sulfate	7446-14-2	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Leptophos	21609-90-5	Pesticide	Ecuador	Latin America and the Caribbean	LII
Lindane	58-89-9**	Industrial	China	Asia	L
Linuron	330-55-2	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	LI
Linuron	330-55-2	Pesticide	Norway	Europe	XXVI
Malathion	121-75-5	Pesticide	Syrian Arab Republic	Near East	XXXII
Maleic hydrazide	123-33-1	Pesticide	Romania	Europe	XX
Mancozeb	8018-01-7	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	LVI
MCPA-thioethyl(phenothiol)	25319-90-8	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XIV
MCPB	94-81-5	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XIV
Mecoprop	7085-19-0	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XIV
Mephosfolan	950-10-7	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XIV
Mephosfolan	950-10-7	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Mepiquat chloride	24307-26-4	Pesticide	Norway	Europe	XIII
Mercurous chloride (Calomel)	10112-91-1	Pesticide	Romania	Europe	XX

Chemical name	CAS No.	Category	Party	Region	PIC Circular
Mercury	7439-97-6	Pesticide & Industrial	Indonesia	Asia	LIII
Mercury	7439-97-6	Industrial	European Union	Europe	LVI
Mercury	7439-97-6	Industrial	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Mercury	7439-97-6	Industrial	Colombia	Latin America and the Caribbean	LII
Metaldehyde	108-62-3, 9002-91-9	Pesticide	Norway	Europe	XLVII
Methabenzthiazuron	18691-97-9	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Methazole	20354-26-1	Pesticide	Australia	Southwest Pacific	XII
Methidathion	950-37-8	Pesticide	Mozambique	Africa	LI
Methidathion	950-37-8	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Methidathion	950-37-8	Pesticide	Uruguay	Latin America and the Caribbean	L
Methiocarb	2032-65-7	Pesticide	Mozambique	Africa	LV
Methiocarb	2032-65-7	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	LVI
Methomyl	16752-77-5	Pesticide	Mozambique	Africa	LV
Methomyl	16752-77-5	Pesticide	Uruguay	Latin America and the Caribbean	L
Methoprene	40596-69-8	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Methyl bromide	74-83-9	Pesticide	Malawi	Africa	XXX
Methyl bromide	74-83-9	Pesticide	Indonesia	Asia	LIII
Methyl bromide	74-83-9	Pesticide & Industrial	Republic of Korea	Asia	XX
Methyl bromide	74-83-9	Pesticide	Netherlands (Kingdom of the)	Europe	XV
Methyl bromide	74-83-9	Pesticide & Industrial	Switzerland	Europe	XXI
Methyl bromide	74-83-9	Pesticide	Colombia	Latin America and the Caribbean	LII
Methyl bromoacetate	96-32-2	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Methyl cellosolve	109-86-4	Industrial	Canada	North America	XXVIII
Methyl parathion	298-00-0	Pesticide	Côte d'Ivoire	Africa	XX
Methyl parathion	298-00-0	Pesticide	Gambia	Africa	XIX
Methyl parathion	298-00-0	Pesticide	Nigeria	Africa	XXI
Methyl parathion	298-00-0	Pesticide	China	Asia	L
Methyl parathion	298-00-0	Pesticide	Indonesia	Asia	LIII
Methyl parathion	298-00-0	Pesticide & Industrial	Japan	Asia	XX
Methyl parathion	298-00-0	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XXI
Methyl parathion	298-00-0	Pesticide	Bulgaria	Europe	XXII
Methyl parathion	298-00-0	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XVIII
Methyl parathion	298-00-0	Pesticide	Brazil	Latin America and the Caribbean	XX
Methyl parathion	298-00-0	Pesticide	Dominican Republic	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXV
Methyl parathion	298-00-0	Pesticide	El Salvador	Latin America and the Caribbean	XX
Methyl parathion	298-00-0	Pesticide	Guyana	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXVI
Methyl parathion	298-00-0	Pesticide	Panama	Latin America and the Caribbean	XIX
Methyl parathion	298-00-0	Pesticide	Panama	Latin America and the Caribbean	XLVII
Methyl parathion	298-00-0	Pesticide	Uruguay	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXVIII

Chemical name	CAS No.	Category	Party	Region	PIC Circular
Methyl parathion	298-00-0	Pesticide	Uruguay	Latin America and the Caribbean	L
Metolachlor	51218-45-2	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Metominostrobin	133408-50-1	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Metosulam	139528-85-1	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Mevinphos	26718-65-0	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XIV
Mevinphos	26718-65-0	Pesticide	Jordan	Near East	XVIII
Mevinphos	7786-34-7	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Mirex	2385-85-5	Pesticide & Industrial	Indonesia	Asia	LIII
Mirex	2385-85-5	Pesticide & Industrial	Japan	Asia	XXI
Mirex	2385-85-5	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XX
Mirex	2385-85-5	Pesticide	Bulgaria	Europe	XXII
Mirex	2385-85-5	Pesticide & Industrial	Switzerland	Europe	XXIII
Mirex	2385-85-5	Pesticide	Colombia	Latin America and the Caribbean	XLV
Mirex	2385-85-5	Pesticide	Cuba	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXVIII
Mirex	2385-85-5	Pesticide	Ecuador	Latin America and the Caribbean	LII
Mirex	2385-85-5	Pesticide	Guyana	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXVI
Mirex	2385-85-5	Pesticide	Uruguay	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXVIII
Mirex	2385-85-5	Industrial	Canada	North America	XII
Mirex	2385-85-5	Industrial	Canada	North America	XXVIII
Monolinuron	1746-81-2	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Monomethyl dichlorodiphenyl methane	122808-61-1	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
N,N'-Ditolyl-*p*-phenylenediamine; *N,N'*-Dixylyl-*p*-phenylenediamine; *N*-Tolyl-*N*'-xylyl-*p*-phenylenediamine	27417-40-9, 28726-30-9, 70290-05-0	Industrial	Japan	Asia	XXI
Naled	300-76-5	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXXIX
NCC ether	94097-88-8	Industrial	Canada	North America	XXVIII
Nickel	7440-02-0	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Nitrofen	1836-75-5	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XVI
Nitrofen	1836-75-5	Pesticide	Romania	Europe	XX
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	62-75-9	Industrial	Canada	North America	XXVIII
Nonylphenol	11066-49-2, 25154-52-3, 84852-15-3, 90481-04-2	Pesticide & Industrial	European Union	Europe	XXIII
Nonylphenol ethoxylate	127087-87-0, 26027-38-3, 37205-87-1, 68412-54-4, 9016-45-9	Pesticide & Industrial	European Union	Europe	XXIII

Chemical name	CAS No.	Category	Party	Region	PIC Circular
Nonylphenols and nonylphenol ethoxylates	104-40-5, 11066-49-2, 127087-87-0, 25154-52-3, 26027-38-3, 37205-87-1, 68412-54-4, 84852-15-3, 9016-45-9, 90481-04-2	Pesticide	South Africa	Africa	XLVI
Nonylphenols and nonylphenol ethoxylates	104-40-5, 11066-49-2, 25154-52-3, 84852-15-3, 90481-04-2, 127087-87-0, 26027-38-3, 37205-87-1, 68412-54-4, 9016-45-9	Pesticide & Industrial	Switzerland	Europe	XXXVI
Norflurazon	27314-13-2	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Nuarimol	63284-71-9	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Octylphenols and octylphenol ethoxylates	140-66-9, 1806-26-4, 27193-28-8, 68987-90-6, 9002-93-1, 9036-19-5	Pesticide & Industrial	Switzerland	Europe	XXXVI
Ofurace	58810-48-3	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Omethoate	1113-02-6	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Orthosulfamuron	213464-77-8	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	LI
Oxadixyl	77732-09-3	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Oxamyl	23135-22-0	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Oxasulfuron	144651-06-9	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	LV
Oxine-copper	10380-28-6	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Oxycarboxin	5259-88-1	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIV
Oxydemeton-methyl	301-12-2	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXX
Oxydemeton-methyl	301-12-2	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Oxyfluorfen	42874-03-3	Pesticide	Mozambique	Africa	LII
Paraquat	4685-14-7	Pesticide	Mozambique	Africa	LII
Paraquat	4685-14-7	Pesticide	Togo	Africa	XLII
Paraquat	4685-14-7	Pesticide	Malaysia	Asia	LII
Paraquat	4685-14-7	Pesticide	Sri Lanka	Asia	XXVIII
Paraquat	4685-14-7	Pesticide	Sweden	Europe	XXIII
Paraquat	4685-14-7	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Paraquat dichloride	1910-42-5	Pesticide	Burkina Faso	Africa	XXXV
Paraquat dichloride	1910-42-5	Pesticide	Cabo Verde	Africa	XXXV
Paraquat dichloride	1910-42-5	Pesticide	Chad	Africa	XXXV
Paraquat dichloride	1910-42-5	Pesticide	Mali	Africa	XXXV
Paraquat dichloride	1910-42-5	Pesticide	Mauritania	Africa	XXXV
Paraquat dichloride	1910-42-5	Pesticide	Niger	Africa	XXXV
Paraquat dichloride	1910-42-5	Pesticide	Senegal	Africa	XXXV
Paraquat dichloride	1910-42-5	Pesticide	Sweden	Europe	XXIII
Paraquat dichloride	1910-42-5	Pesticide	Uruguay	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXVIII
Paraquat dimethyl,bis	2074-50-2	Pesticide	Sweden	Europe	XXIII
Paris green	12002-03-8	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XIV

Chemical name	CAS No.	Category	Party	Region	PIC Circular
Pendimethalin	40487-42-1	Pesticide	Norway	Europe	XXV
Pentachlorobenzene	608-93-5	Pesticide	China	Asia	XLV
Pentachlorobenzene	608-93-5	Industrial	Japan	Asia	XXXII
Pentachlorobenzene	608-93-5	Pesticide	Japan	Asia	XXXIII
Pentachloroethane	76-01-7	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Pentachlorobenzene	608-93-5	Industrial	Canada	North America	XXVIII
Pentachlorophenol and its salts and esters	87-86-5**, 131-52-2, 27735-64-4, 3772-94-9	Pesticide* & Industrial	Japan	Asia	XLIV
Perfluorocarboxylic acids that have the molecular formula $C_nF_{2n+1}CO_2H$ in which $8 \leq n \leq 20$, their salts, and their precursors (LC-PFCAs)	375-95-1, 335-76-2, 2058-94-8, 307-55-1, 72629-94-8, 376-06-7, 141074-63-7, 67905-19-5, 57475-95-3, 16517-11-6, 133921-38-7, 68310-12-3 (list is not exhaustive)	Industrial	Canada	North America	XLVII
Perfluorooctane sulphonate (PFOS), its salts and perfluorooctanesulfonyl fluoride (PFOSF)	2795-39-3**, 70225-14-8**, 29081-56-9**, 29457-72-5**, 307-35-7**	Pesticide & Industrial*	China	Asia	XLV
Permethrin	52645-53-1	Pesticide	Syrian Arab Republic	Near East	XXXII
Phenol, 2-(2*H*-benzotriazol-2-yl)-4,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-	3846-71-7	Industrial	Japan	Asia	XXVII
Phenthoate	2597-03-7	Pesticide	Malaysia	Asia	XLIV
Phenthoate	2597-03-7	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Phosalone	2310-17-0	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXVII
Phosalone	2310-17-0	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Phosphamidon	13171-21-6	Pesticide	Côte d'Ivoire	Africa	XX
Phosphamidon	13171-21-6	Pesticide	Indonesia	Asia	LIII
Phosphamidon	13171-21-6	Pesticide	China	Asia	L
Phosphamidon	13171-21-6	Pesticide & Industrial	Japan	Asia	XX
Phosphamidon	13171-21-6	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XIV
Phosphamidon	13171-21-6	Pesticide	Brazil	Latin America and the Caribbean	XX
Phosphamidon	13171-21-6	Pesticide	Panama	Latin America and the Caribbean	XIX
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Picoxystrobin	117428-22-5	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	L
Polychlorinated naphthalenes	70776-03-3	Industrial	Japan	Asia	XXI
Polychlorinated naphthalenes	28699-88-9, 1321-65-9, 1335-88-2, 1321-64-8, 1335-87-1, 32241-08-0, 2234-13-1	Industrial	Japan	Asia	XLIV
Polychlorinated naphthalenes	70776-03-3	Industrial	Canada	North America	XXXVIII

Chemical name	CAS No.	Category	Party	Region	PIC Circular
Polychloroterpenes	8001-50-1	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XX
Primisulfuron-methyl	86209-51-0	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Procymidone	32809-16-8	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXXVII
Procymidone	32809-16-8	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Profenofos	41198-08-7	Pesticide	Malaysia	Asia	XLIV
Profenofos	41198-08-7	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Prometryn	7287-19-6	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Propachlor	1918-16-7	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXXIII
Propachlor	1918-16-7	Pesticide	Norway	Europe	XXVI
Propanil	709-98-8	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXXIX
Propanil	709-98-8	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Propargite	2312-35-8	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXXIX
Propargite	2312-35-8	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Propineb	12071-83-9 (monomer) 9016-72-2 (homopolymer)	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	LV
Propisochlor	86763-47-5	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXXVI
Propoxur	114-26-1	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Propylbromoacetate	35223-80-4	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
Prothiofos	34643-46-4	Pesticide	Malaysia	Asia	XLIV
Prothiofos	34643-46-4	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Prothoate	2275-18-5	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XIV
Prothoate	2275-18-5	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Pymetrozine	123312-89-0	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	LV
Pymetrozine	123312-89-0	Pesticide	Norway	Europe	XXXIX
Pyrazophos	13457-18-6	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XIII
Pyrazophos	13457-18-6	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Pyridaphenthion	119-12-0	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Pyrimidifen	105779-78-0	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Pyrinuron	53558-25-1	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XX
Pyrithiobac-sodium	123343-16-8	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Quinalphos	13593-03-8	Pesticide	Malaysia	Asia	XLIV
Quinalphos	13593-03-8	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Quinoxyfen	124495-18-7	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	LV
Quintozene	82-68-8	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XV
Quintozene	82-68-8	Pesticide	Romania	Europe	XX
Quintozene	82-68-8	Pesticide	Switzerland	Europe	XX
Quintozene	82-68-8	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Resmethrin	10453-86-8	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Schradan	152-16-9	Pesticide & Industrial	Japan	Asia	XX
Schradan	152-16-9	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XIV
Simazine	122-34-9	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXI
Simazine	122-34-9	Pesticide	Norway	Europe	XIII
Simazine	122-34-9	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Sodium arsenite	7784-46-5	Pesticide	Netherlands (Kingdom of the)	Europe	XIV
Sodium cyanide	143-33-9	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Sodium fluoroacetate	62-74-8	Pesticide	Cuba	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXVIII
Sodium trichloroacetate	650-51-1	Pesticide	Netherlands (Kingdom of the)	Europe	XIV
Sulfosulfurone	141776-32-1	Pesticide	Norway	Europe	XV
Sulfotep	3689-24-5	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XIV

Chemical name	CAS No.	Category	Party	Region	PIC Circular
Tar acids, coal, crude	65996-85-2	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX
TCMTB (Thiocyanic acid, (2-benzothiazolylthio)methyl ester)	21564-17-0	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Tebuthiuron	34014-18-1	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Tecnazene	117-18-0	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XV
Tepraloxydim	149979-41-9	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	LVI
Terbutryn	886-50-0	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Tetradifon	116-29-0	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Tetraethyl pyrophosphate (TEPP)	107-49-3	Pesticide & Industrial	Japan	Asia	XX
Tetrachlorobenzene	12408-10-5, 84713-12-2, 634-66-2, 634-90-2, 95-94-3	Industrial	Canada	North America	XXVIII
Thallium acetate	563-68-8	Industrial	Republic of Korea	Asia	XX
Thallium nitrate	10102-45-1	Industrial	Republic of Korea	Asia	XX
Thallium sulphate	7446-18-6	Industrial	Republic of Korea	Asia	XX
Thallium sulphate	7446-18-6	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XX
Thiabendazole	148-79-8	Pesticide	Norway	Europe	XIII
Thiamethoxam	153719-23-4	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	LVI
Thiazafluron	25366-23-8	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Thiobencarb	28249-77-6	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Thiocyclam hydrogen oxalate	31895-22-4	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Thiodicarb	59669-26-0	Pesticide	Mozambique	Africa	LI
Thiodicarb	59669-26-0	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXVII
Thiodicarb	59669-26-0	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Thiometon	640-15-3	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Thiram	137-26-8	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	LVI
Tolfenpyrad	129558-76-5	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Tralomethrin	66841-25-6	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Triadimefon	43121-43-3	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Triasulfuron	82097-50-5	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	LI
Triazamate	112143-82-5	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Triazophos	24017-47-8	Pesticide	Cabo Verde	Africa	XLI
Triazophos	24017-47-8	Pesticide	Chad	Africa	XLI
Triazophos	24017-47-8	Pesticide	Gambia	Africa	XLI
Triazophos	24017-47-8	Pesticide	Malaysia	Asia	XLIV
Triazophos	24017-47-8	Pesticide	Mauritania	Africa	XLI
Triazophos	24017-47-8	Pesticide	Niger	Africa	XLI
Triazophos	24017-47-8	Pesticide	Senegal	Africa	XLI
Triazophos	24017-47-8	Pesticide	Togo	Africa	XLI
Triazophos	24017-47-8	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Tribufos	78-48-8	Pesticide	Australia	Southwest Pacific	XIII
Tributyl tetradecyl phosphonium chloride	81741-28-8	Industrial	Canada	North America	XIII
Triclosan	3380-34-5	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	LI
Tricyclazole	41814-78-2	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	LI
Tridemorph	24602-86-6	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Trifluralin	1582-09-8	Pesticide	European Union	Europe	XXXVI
Trifluralin	1582-09-8	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Triforine	26644-46-2	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Tris-(1-aziridinyl)phosphine oxide	545-55-1	Industrial	Latvia	Europe	XX

Chemical name	CAS No.	Category	Party	Region	PIC Circular
Tris-(1-aziridinyl)phosphine oxide	545-55-1	Industrial	Switzerland	Europe	XXIII
Tris(2-chloroethyl) phosphate	115-96-8	Industrial	European Union	Europe	LII
Tris(2,3 dibromopropyl) phosphate	126-72-7	Pesticide	Indonesia	Asia	LIII
Vinclozolin	50471-44-8	Pesticide	Norway	Europe	XIII
Vinclozolin	50471-44-8	Pesticide	Jordan	Near East	XVIII
Vinclozolin	50471-44-8	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII
Zinc phosphide	1314-84-7	Pesticide	Mozambique	Africa	LV
Zineb	12122-67-7	Pesticide	Ecuador	Latin America and the Caribbean	XX
Zineb	12122-67-7	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LIII

* The chemical is listed in Annex III under this category.

** The chemical is listed in Annex III under this CAS number.

Notifications of final regulatory action for chemicals not listed in Annex III

PART B

NOTIFICATIONS OF FINAL REGULATORY ACTION FOR CHEMICALS NOT LISTED IN ANNEX III AND VERIFIED AS NOT CONTAINING ALL THE INFORMATION REQUIRED BY ANNEX I TO THE CONVENTION

Chemical name	CAS No.	Category	Party	Region	PIC Circular
1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXII
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	Pesticide	Israel	Europe	XXXV
(Dibromochloropropane) 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	96-12-8	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
1-Bromo-2-chloroethane	107-04-0	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXII
1,1,2,2-tetra chloroethane	79-34-5	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
2-Amino-2-thiazoline-4-carboxylic acid	2150-55-2	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
2,3-Dichlorophenol	576-24-9	Pesticide	Indonesia	Asia	LVI
2,4-Dichlorophenol	120-83-2	Pesticide	Indonesia	Asia	LVI
2,5-Dichlorophenol	583-78-8	Pesticide	Indonesia	Asia	LVI
2-(2,4,5-Trichlorephenoxy)ethyl 2,2-dichloropropanoate	136-25-4	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
2,4,5-TP (Silvex; Fenoprop)	93-72-1	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXII
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95-95-4	Pesticide	Ecuador	Latin America and the Caribbean	XLVII
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95-95-4	Pesticide	Indonesia	Asia	LVI
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	Pesticide	Indonesia	Asia	LVI
Acephate	30560-19-1	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Acetate	7784-40-9	Pesticide	China	Asia	LV
Acetochlor	34256-82-1	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Acrolein	107-02-8	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXII
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Amitraz	33089-61-1	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Amitrole	61-82-5	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Amitrole	61-82-5	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Arsenic	1327-53-3	Pesticide	China	Asia	LV
Arsenic compound	7440-38-2	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Atrazine	1912-24-9	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Azinphos-ethyl	2642-71-9	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Bendiocarb	22781-23-3	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Benfuracarb	82560-54-1	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Benomyl	17804-35-2	Pesticide	Ecuador	Latin America and the Caribbean	XLVII
Benomyl	17804-35-2	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Benomyl	17804-35-2	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXVIII
Bifenthrin	82657-04-3	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Bromadiolone	28772-56-7	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Bromadiolone	28772-56-7	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXVIII
Bromofos-ethyl	4824-78-6	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Bromofos-ethyl	4824-78-6	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Bromophos-ethyl (*O*-(4-Bromo-2-chlorophenyl) *O*,*O*-diethyl phosphorothioate)	4824-78-6	Pesticide	Indonesia	Asia	XLI
Cadmium	7440-43-9	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XX
Cadusafos	95465-99-9	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Cadusafos	95465-99-9	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX

Chemical name	CAS No.	Category	Party	Region	PIC Circular
Calcium arsenate	7778-44-1	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Calcium cyanide	592-01-8	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Captan	133-06-2	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Captan	133-06-2	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Carbaryl	63-25-2	Pesticide	El Salvador	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXVII
Carbaryl	63-25-2	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXVIII
Carbosulfan	55285-14-8	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Chloranil	118-75-2	Pesticide	Mexico	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXVIII
Chloranil	118-75-2	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXII
Chlordecone	143-50-0	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Chlordecone	143-50-0	Pesticide	Mexico	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXVIII
Chlordecone	143-50-0	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXII
Chlorfenvinphos	470-90-6	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Chlormephos	24934-91-6	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Chlormephos	24934-91-6	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Chlornitrofen	1836-77-7	Pesticide	Japan	Asia	XX
Chloropicrin	76-06-2	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Chloropicrin	76-06-2	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Chlorothalonil	1897-45-6	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXVIII
Chlorpyrifos	2921-88-2	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Chlorpyrifos	2921-88-2	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXVIII
Chlorthiophos	60238-56-4	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Chrysotile asbestos	12001-29-5	Industrial	El Salvador	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXVII
Cis-Zeatin	327771-64-5	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Copper arsenate hydroxide	16102-92-4	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XX
Cyanazine	21725-46-2	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Cyanophos	2636-26-2	Pesticide	Mexico	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXVIII
Cycloheximide	66-81-9	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Cyhexatin	13121-70-5	Pesticide	Indonesia	Asia	LVI
Cyhexatin	13121-70-5	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Cyhexatin	13121-70-5	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXII
Daminozide	1596-84-5	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXII
DDD	72-54-8	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Demeton-*S*-methyl	919-86-8	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Demeton-*S*-methyl	919-86-8	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Demeton-*S*-methyl	919-86-8	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXVIII
Dialifos	10311-84-9	Pesticide	Mexico	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXVIII
Dibromochloropropane	96-12-8	Pesticide	China	Asia	LV
Dibromochloropropane (DBCP)	96-12-8	Pesticide	Indonesia	Asia	LVI
DBCP (1,2-dibromo-3-chloropropane)	96-12-8	Pesticide	Mexico	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXVIII
DBCP (1,2-dibromo-3-chloropropane)	96-12-8	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Dichlorvos	62-73-7	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Dichlorvos	62-73-7	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Dichlormid	37764-25-3	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Diclofop-methyl	51338-27-3	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXII
Dicofol	115-32-2	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Dicofol	115-32-2	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXVIII

Chemical name	CAS No.	Category	Party	Region	PIC Circular
Dicrotophos	141-66-2	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Dicrotophos	141-66-2	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Dicrotophos	141-66-2	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Diflubenzuron	35367-38-5	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Dimefox	115-26-4	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Dimefox	115-26-4	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Dimethoate	60-51-5	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXVIII
Dimethylarsinic acid	75-60-5	Pesticide	Israel	Europe	XXXV
Dinitramine	29091-05-2	Pesticide	Mexico	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXVIII
Dinitramine	29091-05-2	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Disulfoton	298-04-4	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Disulfoton	298-04-4	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Disulfoton	298-04-4	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Endrin	72-20-8	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Endrin	72-20-8	Pesticide	Nepal	Asia	XLII
Endrin	72-20-8	Pesticide	Mexico	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXVIII
Endrin	72-20-8	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
EPN	2104-64-5	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Erbon	136-25-4	Pesticide	Mexico	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXVIII
Erbon	136-25-4	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXII
Esbiothrin	84030-86-4	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Ethephon	16672-87-0	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Ethoprophos	13194-48-4	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Ethoprophos	13194-48-4	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXVIII
Ethylan	72-56-0	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Ethylmercury chloride	107-27-7	Pesticide	Armenia	Europe	XII
Ethyl *p*-nitrophenyl benzenethiophosphonate (EPN)	2104-64-5	Pesticide	Indonesia	Asia	XLI
Fenamiphos	22224-92-6	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Fenamiphos	22224-92-6	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Fensulfothion	115-90-2	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Fensulfothion	115-90-2	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Fenthion	55-38-9	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Fenthion	55-38-9	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Fipronil	120068-37-3	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Flucythrinate	70124-77-5	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Fluorine	7782-41-4	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Fluazifop	69335-91-7	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Folpet	133-07-3	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Fonofos	944-22-9	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Fonofos	944-22-9	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Fonofos	944-22-9	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Formothion	2540-82-1	Pesticide	Mexico	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXVIII
Fosthietan	21548-32-3	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Fosthietan	21548-32-3	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Gliftor	865-71-2	Pesticide	China	Asia	LV
Granosan-M	2235-25-8	Pesticide	Armenia	Europe	XII
Hexaethyl tetra phosphate	757-58-4	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Hydrogen cyanide	74-90-8	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Imazamethabenz-methyl	69969-22-8	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Lead arsenate	7784-40-9	Pesticide	Togo	Africa	XLII

Chemical name	CAS No.	Category	Party	Region	PIC Circular
Lead arsenate	7784-40-9	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XX
Leptophos	21609-90-5	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Linuron	330-55-2	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Mancozeb	8018-01-7	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXVIII
Mephosfolan	950-10-7	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Mephosfolan	950-10-7	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Mephosfolan	950-10-7	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Metham sodium	137-42-8	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Methidathion	950-37-8	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Methidathion	950-37-8	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Methiocarb	2032-65-7	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXVIII
Methomyl	16752-77-5	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Methomyl	16752-77-5	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXVIII
Methoxychlor	72-43-5	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Methoxychlor	72-43-5	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXVIII
Methyl bromide	74-83-9	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Methyl parathion	298-00-0	Pesticide	Cameroon	Africa	XVIII
Methyl parathion	298-00-0	Pesticide	Peru	Latin America and the Caribbean	XLVIII
Mevinphos	7786-34-7	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Mevinphos	7786-34-7	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Mevinphos	7786-34-7	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
MGK Repellent 11	126-15-8	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XX
Mirex	2385-85-5	Pesticide	Nepal	Asia	XLII
Mirex	2385-85-5	Pesticide	El Salvador	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXVII
Mirex	2385-85-5	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Mirex	2385-85-5	Pesticide	Mexico	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXVIII
Mirex	2385-85-5	Pesticide	Peru	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXXVI
Mirex	2385-85-5	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Monuron	150-68-5	Pesticide	Mexico	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXVIII
N,N'-Methylene bis-(2-amino-1,3,4-thiadiazole)	26907-37-9	Pesticide	China	Asia	LV
Naled	300-76-5	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Nicotine	54-11-5	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Nitrofen	1836-75-5	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Nitrofen	1836-75-5	Pesticide	China	Asia	LV
Nitrofen	1836-75-5	Pesticide	Mexico	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXVIII
Oxydemeton-methyl	301-12-2	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Oxydemeton-methyl	301-12-2	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXVIII
Paraquat	4685-14-7	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Paraquat	4685-14-7	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Paraquat dichloride	1910-42-5	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Phenylmercury acetate	62-38-4	Pesticide	Mexico	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXVIII
Phosfolan	947-02-4	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Phosphamidon	13171-21-6	Pesticide	Peru	Latin America and the Caribbean	XLVIII
Phosphonic diamide, *p*-(5-amino-3-phenyl-1*H*-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)-*N,N,N',N'*-tetramethyl-	1031-47-6	Pesticide	Mexico	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXVIII

Chemical name	CAS No.	Category	Party	Region	PIC Circular
Polychloroterpenes	8001-50-1	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Polyoxyethylene alkylphenol ether	9016-45-9, 26027-38-3, 9002-93-1, 9036-19-5 (list is not exhaustive)	Industrial	China	Asia	LII
Propargite	2312-35-8	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Propargite	2312-35-8	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXVIII
Propoxur	114-26-1	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXVIII
Prothoate	2275-18-5	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Quintozene	82-68-8	Pesticide	Japan	Asia	XX
Quintozene	82-68-8	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXVIII
Quintozene	82-68-8	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Safrole	94-59-7	Pesticide	Thailand	Asia	XX
Schradan	152-16-9	Pesticide	Mexico	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXVIII
Schradan	152-16-9	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Silatrane	29025-67-0	Pesticide	China	Asia	LV
Simazine	122-34-9	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Simazine	122-34-9	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXVIII
Sodium arsenite	7784-46-5	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Sodium cyanide	143-33-9	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Sodium dimethylarsinate	124-65-2	Pesticide	Israel	Europe	XXXV
Sodium fluoroacetate	62-74-8	Pesticide	China	Asia	LV
Sodium fluoroacetate	62-74-8	Pesticide	Mexico	Latin America and the Caribbean	XXVIII
Sodium fluoroacetate	62-74-8	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Sulfotep	3689-24-5	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Tefluthrin	79538-32-2	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
TEPP	107-49-3	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Tetradifon	116-29-0	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXVIII
Tetramine	80-12-6	Pesticide	China	Asia	LV
Thallium sulphate	7446-18-6	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Thallium sulphate	7446-18-6	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Thionazin	297-97-2	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXVII
Thiram	137-26-8	Pesticide	Ecuador	Latin America and the Caribbean	XLVII
Triazophos	24017-47-8	Pesticide	Maldives	Asia	LIV
Trifloxysulfuron-sodium	199119-58-9	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Trimedlure	12002-53-8	Pesticide	Türkiye	Europe	LVII
Zineb	12122-67-7	Pesticide	Oman	Near East	XXXIX
Zineb	12122-67-7	Pesticide	Saudi Arabia	Near East	XXXVIII

APPENDIX VI

INFORMATION EXCHANGE ON CHEMICALS RECOMMENDED BY THE CHEMICAL REVIEW COMMITTEE FOR LISTING IN ANNEX III BUT FOR WHICH THE CONFERENCE OF THE PARTIES HAS YET TO TAKE A FINAL DECISION

In line with decisions [20] RC-3/3, RC-4/4, RC-6/8, RC-8/6, RC-8/7, RC-9/5 and paragraph 1 of Article 14, Appendix VI has been prepared to facilitate information exchange on chemicals that have been recommended for listing in Annex III to the Convention by the Chemical Review Committee but for which the Conference of the Parties has yet to take a final decision.

This appendix consists of two parts:

Part A provides a reference to the information that has been submitted by Parties on their decisions concerning the management of these chemicals.

Part B is a list of decisions on the import of these chemicals submitted by Parties. These import decisions are circulated for information only and do not constitute part of the legally binding PIC procedure.

Further information on these chemicals is available on the Convention website, [21] including the notifications of final regulatory action and supporting documentation made available to the Chemical Review Committee and the draft decision guidance documents.

[20] www.pic.int/tabid/1728/language/en-US/Default.aspx
[21] www.pic.int/tabid/1185/language/en-US/Default.aspx

PART A

DECISIONS CONCERNING THE MANAGEMENT OF THE CHEMICALS RECOMMENDED BY THE CHEMICAL REVIEW COMMITTEE FOR LISTING IN ANNEX III BUT FOR WHICH THE CONFERENCE OF THE PARTIES HAS YET TO TAKE A FINAL DECISION

The information on decisions by Parties concerning the management of the chemicals recommended by the Chemical Review Committee for listing in Annex III, for which the Conference of the Parties has not yet taken a final decision, can be found in the following webpages of the RC website www.pic.int:

- The Convention/Chemicals/Recommended for listing; and
- Countries/Country profiles, "Submissions" tab section of the respective Country profile, as indicated in the following tables.

Acetochlor (CAS No. 34256-82-1)		
PIC REGION: PARTY	**CATEGORY**	**INFORMATION ON REGULATORY AND MANAGEMENT DECISIONS**
Africa: Burkina Faso, Cabo Verde, Chad, Gambia, Guinea-Bissau, Mali, Mauritania, Niger, Senegal, Togo	Pesticide	**Chemical webpage:** http://www.pic.int/tabid/7596/language/en-US/Default.aspx **Country profiles:** http://www.pic.int/tabid/1087/language/en-US/Default.aspx
Europe: Bosnia and Herzegovina, European Union, Serbia, Türkiye	Pesticide	

Carbosulfan (CAS No. 55285-14-8)		
PIC REGION: PARTY	**CATEGORY**	**INFORMATION ON REGULATORY AND MANAGEMENT DECISIONS**
Africa: Burkina Faso, Cabo Verde, Chad, Gambia, Mauritania, Niger, Senegal, Togo	Pesticide	**Chemical webpage:** http://www.pic.int/tabid/5393/language/en-US/Default.aspx **Country profiles:** http://www.pic.int/tabid/1087/language/en-US/Default.aspx
Europe: Bosnia and Herzegovina, European Union, Serbia, Türkiye	Pesticide	

Fenthion (ultra-low volume (ULV) formulations at or above 640 g active ingredient/L) (CAS No. 55-38-9)		
PIC REGION: PARTY	**CATEGORY**	**INFORMATION ON REGULATORY AND MANAGEMENT DECISIONS**
Africa: Chad	Severely hazardous pesticide formulation	**Chemical webpage:** http://www.pic.int/tabid/4339/language/en-US/Default.aspx **Country profile:** http://www.pic.int/tabid/1087/language/en-US/Default.aspx

Liquid formulations (emulsifiable concentrate and soluble concentrate) containing paraquat dichloride at or above 276 g/L, corresponding to paraquat ion at or above 200 g/L (CAS No. 1910-42-5)		
PIC REGION: PARTY	**CATEGORY**	**INFORMATION ON REGULATORY AND MANAGEMENT DECISIONS**
Africa: Burkina Faso	Severely hazardous pesticide formulation	**Chemical webpage:** http://www.pic.int/tabid/2396/language/en-US/Default.aspx **Country profiles:** http://www.pic.int/tabid/1087/language/en-US/Default.aspx

Chrysotile asbestos (CAS No. 12001-29-5)		
PIC REGION: PARTY	**CATEGORY**	**INFORMATION ON REGULATORY AND MANAGEMENT DECISIONS**
Africa: South Africa	Industrial	**Chemical webpage:** http://www.pic.int/tabid/1186/language/en-US/Default.aspx **Country profiles:** http://www.pic.int/tabid/1087/language/en-US/Default.aspx
Asia: Iran (Islamic Republic of), Japan	Industrial	
Europe: Bulgaria, Latvia, European Union, Switzerland, Türkiye	Industrial	
Latin America and the Caribbean: Chile, El Salvador	Industrial	
North America: Canada	Industrial	
Southwest Pacific: Australia	Industrial	

PART B

IMPORT DECISIONS ON THE CHEMICALS RECOMMENDED BY THE CHEMICAL REVIEW COMMITTEE FOR LISTING IN ANNEX III BUT FOR WHICH THE CONFERENCE OF THE PARTIES HAS YET TO TAKE A FINAL DECISION

Chrysotile asbestos (CAS No. 12001-29-5)		
PARTY	**IMPORT DECISION**	**DATE RECEIVED**
Canada	Consent to import only subject to specified conditions: The *Prohibition of Asbestos and Products Containing Asbestos Regulations* do not prohibit the: • Import and use of asbestos in the chlor-alkali industry (until December 31, 2029); • Import, sale and use of products containing asbestos to service equipment in nuclear facilities if no technically or economically feasible asbestos-free alternative is available (until December 31, 2022); • Import, sale and use of products containing asbestos to service military equipment if no technically or economically feasible asbestos-free alternative is available (until December 31, 2022); • Import, sale and use, under the authority of a permit, of products containing asbestos to service military equipment or equipment of a nuclear facility if there was no technically or economically feasible asbestos-free alternative available at the time the permit application was submitted (after December 31, 2022); • Import, sale and use of military equipment serviced with a product containing asbestos while it was outside of Canada for the purpose of a military operation if no technically or economically feasible asbestos-free alternative is available; • Import, sale and use of asbestos and products containing asbestos for the purpose of display in a museum; • Import, sale and use of asbestos and products containing asbestos for scientific research, for sample characterization or as an analytical standard in a laboratory; • Transfer of physical possession or control of asbestos or a product containing asbestos to allow its disposal; and • Import, use and sale, under the authority of a permit, of asbestos and products containing asbestos to protect the environment or human health if there was no technically or economically feasible asbestos-free alternative available at the time the permit application was submitted. Administrative measure: *Prohibition of Asbestos and Products Containing Asbestos Regulations*. P.C. 2018-1210, 28 September, 2018, SOR/2018-196, Canada Gazette, Part 11, vol. 152, no. 21, p.3405, October 17, 2018. http://gazette.gc.ca/rp-pr/p2/2018/2018-10-17/html/sor-dors196-eng.html The above named regulations prohibit the import, sale and use of asbestos, as well as the manufacture, import, sale and use of products	25 April 2019

Chrysotile asbestos (CAS No. 12001-29-5)		
PARTY	**IMPORT DECISION**	**DATE RECEIVED**
	containing asbestos, with a limited number of exclusions, see "Other remarks" section. Other remarks: In addition to the exclusions mentioned above, the *Prohibition of Asbestos and Products Containing Asbestos Regulations* (the Regulations) do not apply to: • Asbestos or a product containing asbestos that is in transit through Canada, from a place outside Canada to another place outside Canada. • Asbestos that is integrated into a structure or infrastructure if the integration occurred before the day on which these Regulations came into force (December 30, 2018). • A product containing asbestos used before the day on which these Regulations came into force (December 30, 2018). • Pest control products (as defined in subsection 2(1) of the *Pest Control Products Act*), as pest control products are regulated under this Act. The Regulations do not apply to mining residues except for the following activities, which are prohibited: • The sale of asbestos mining residues for use in construction and landscaping, unless the use is authorized by the province in which the construction or landscaping occurs; and The use of asbestos mining residues to manufacture a product that contains asbestos.	
European Union	Consent to import only subject to specified conditions: The manufacture, placing on the market and use of chrysotile asbestos fibres and of articles containing these fibres added intentionally is prohibited. However, Member States may exempt the placing on the market and use of diaphragms containing chrysotile for existing electrolysis installations until they reach the end of their service life, or until suitable asbestos-free substitutes become available, whichever is the sooner. By 1 June 2011 Member States making use of this exemption shall provide a report to the Commission. The Commission shall ask the European Chemicals agency to prepare a dossier with a view to prohibit the placing on the market and use of diaphragms containing chrysotile. Administrative measure: The chemical was prohibited (with the one limited derogation referred to section 5.3 above) by Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the registration, evaluation, authorisation and restriction of chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC (Official Journal of the European Communities (OJ) L396 of 30 December 2006, p. 1) as amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 552/2009 of 22 June 2009 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) as regards Annex XVII (OJ L 164 of 22 June 2009, p. 7).	6 October 2009

Liquid formulations (emulsifiable concentrate and soluble concentrate) containing paraquat dichloride at or above 276 g/L, corresponding to paraquat ion at or above 200 g/L (CAS No. 1910-42-5)		
PARTY	**IMPORT DECISION**	**DATE RECEIVED**
Qatar	No consent to import Administrative measure: (*) Ministry of Environment to perform all the tasks and actions to protect the environment in the country, According to the law No. 30 of 2002 Article (26). Prohibiting the import or handling or transport of hazardous materials, without authorization from the competent administrative authority, and article (29) or law No. 30 of 2002 Provides (spray or prohibited the use of pesticides or other chemical compounds for agriculture, public health or other purposes but after taking into account the requirements and checks and balances defined by the regulations, to ensure that human, animal or plant or watercourses or other components of the environment directly or indirectly on the spot or future adverse impacts of pesticides or chemical compounds (*)Law No. 24 of 2010 Promulgating the Law (Regulation) of Pesticides in the States of the Cooperation Council for the Arab State of the Gulf.	2 November 2015

Fenthion (ultra-low volume (ULV) formulations at or above 640 g active ingredient/L) (CAS No. 55-38-9)		
PARTY	**IMPORT DECISION**	**DATE RECEIVED**
Nigeria	No consent to import Administrative measure: The final decision is based on resolutions of the national committee on chemicals management (NCCM), a body charged with the responsibilities of promoting and co-ordinated, continuous and cost efficient approach to chemicals safety and management across all sectors necessary to protect the environment, human and animal health in Nigeria.	5 February 2020

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